

### Tuesday, February 5, 2019 Board Meeting Agenda

Board Room 2 2nd Floor Conference Center 9960 Mayland Drive Henrico, VA 23233 Phone: (804) 367-8505

 10 a.m.
 Call to Order – Susan Quaintance Ferguson, CPA, Chair Security Briefing – Kelli Anderson, Communications Manager Determination of Quorum Approval of February 5, 2019 Agenda Approval of Consent Agenda:

- Approval of January 8, 2019, Board meeting minutes
- Consent Orders:
  - 2018-432-0232 (Brown and Saunders)

Public comment period\*

#### 10:10 a.m. 1. Third Party Updates

- Peer Review Oversight Committee (PROC) update Nadia Rogers, CPA, PROC Chair
  - Delinquent peer review discussion and recommendation
- Impactmakers Exam/Licensing/Enforcement project health assessment report- Kathy Czerwonka, Senior Consultant, and Scott Hammer, Principal Consultant, Impactmakers
- MicroPact Exam/Licensing/Enforcement software demonstration Rajesh Gaikwad, Project Manager and Alice Weng, Business Analyst, MicroPact

#### 11:30 a.m. 2. Committee/NASBA Updates – Susan Quaintance Ferguson, CPA, Chair

- NASBA Committee Updates, as available
- NASBA Board of Directors Stephanie S. Saunders, CPA

#### 11:40 a.m. 3. General updates

- Executive Director's Report Nancy Glynn, CPA, Executive Director
- December 2018 Board Report Mary Charity, Deputy Director for Operations
- December 2018 Financial Report Renai Reinholtz, Deputy Director for Finance and
   Administration
- Fiscal Year 2018 Draft Financial Statements-- Renai Reinholtz, Deputy Director for Finance and Administration
- 12:00 p.m. 4. Board Discussion Topics
  - Regulatory/legislative updates Nancy Glynn, CPA, Executive Director
  - Fiscal year end processing timelines
  - Memorandum of Understanding for Enforcement volunteer
  - CPE guidelines survey results and discussion



- Active CPE Exempt status
- 12:30 p.m. Recess for Board lunch
- 1:00 p.m. 5. Board Discussion Topics, continued if necessary

#### 2:00 p.m. 6. Additional Items for Discussion

- Carry over items/potential future topics
  - Publication of VBOA disciplinary actions (To be determined)
  - Trust Fund Reserve Policy (To be determined)
  - Virginia-Specific Ethics Course (On-going)
  - Required coursework for CPA examination/licensure
- Sign Conflict of Interest forms
- Sign Travel Expense vouchers
- Future meeting dates
  - April 23, 2019 (alternate date to consider April 30, 2019)
  - o May 21, 2019

#### 2:15 p.m. 7. Closed Session Enforcement – Amanda E. M. Blount, Enforcement Director

- Status of open cases
- Legal Update
- 2:30 p.m. 8. Additional public comment\*

#### 2:40 p.m. 9. Closed Session

• Case No. 2014-D0026 (Bradshaw)

#### 3:00 p.m. Adjournment

#### \*Five-minute public comment, per person, on those items not included on the agenda.

Persons desiring to attend the meeting and requiring special accommodations/interpretive services should contact the VBOA office at (804) 367-8505 at least five days prior to the meeting so that suitable arrangements can be made for an appropriate accommodation. The VBOA fully complies with the Americans with Disabilities Act.



The Virginia Board of Accountancy met on Tuesday, January 8, 2019, in Board Room #4 of the Perimeter Center, 9960 Mayland Drive, Henrico, Virginia 23233.

MEMBERS PRESENT:	Susan Quaintance Ferguson, CPA, Chair D. Brian Carson, CPA, CGMA, Vice Chair Matthew P. Bosher, Esq. W. Barclay Bradshaw, CPA William R. Brown, CPA Stephanie S. Saunders, CPA Laurie A. Warwick, CPA
LEGAL COUNSEL:	Robert Drewry, Assistant Attorney General, Office of the Attorney General
STAFF PRESENT:	Nancy Glynn, CPA, Executive Director Mary Charity, Deputy Director for Operations Renai Reinholtz, Deputy Director for Finance and Administration Amanda E. M. Blount, Enforcement Director Kelli Anderson, Communications Manager Patti Hambright, CPE Coordinator and Administrative Assistant Rebekah Allen, Information and Policy Advisor
MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC PRESENT:	<ul> <li>Tyrone Dickerson, CPA, former Board member and Chair Maureen Dingus, CAE, Chief Operating Officer, Virginia Society of Certified Public Accountants</li> <li>Emily Walker, CAE, Vice President, Advocacy, Virginia Society of Certified Public Accountants</li> <li>Linda Newsom-McCurdy, CAE, Senior Director of Member Value, Virginia Society of Certified Public Accountants</li> <li>Amy Mawyer, Vice President of Learning, Virginia Society of Certified Public Accountants</li> <li>Clifton M. Coger</li> </ul>

#### **CALL TO ORDER**

Ms. Ferguson called the meeting to order at 10:00 a.m.



#### **SECURITY BRIEFING**

Ms. Hambright provided the emergency evacuation procedures.

#### **DETERMINATION OF QUORUM**

Ms. Ferguson determined there was a quorum present.

#### APPROVAL OF AGENDA

Upon a motion by Mr. Brown, and duly seconded, the members voted unanimously to approve the January 8, 2019, agenda as amended. The members voting "**AYE**" were Ms. Ferguson, Mr. Carson, Mr. Bosher, Mr. Bradshaw, Mr. Brown, Ms. Saunders and Ms. Warwick.

#### **APPROVAL OF MINUTES**

Upon a motion by Mr. Bradshaw, and duly seconded, the members voted unanimously to approve the December 4, 2018, Board meeting minutes as amended. The members voting "**AYE**" were Ms. Ferguson, Mr. Carson, Mr. Bradshaw, Mr. Brown and Ms. Saunders. (Mr. Bosher and Ms. Warwick were not in attendance for the December 4, 2018, Board meeting and abstained from the vote.)

#### PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD

Mr. Coger addressed the Board members regarding the CPA licensure reinstatement process.

#### **COMMITTEE/NASBA UPDATES**

#### **NASBA Education Committee**

Ms. Saunders led the discussion regarding the NASBA Education Committee. She noted the committee had met yesterday in Nashville, TN. Ms. Saunders and Ms. Ferguson attended. She noted the committee's topics of discussion included the decline in examination candidates, the education requirement to sit for the CPA examination and the accreditation of educational facilities.

#### NASBA Board of Directors

Ms. Saunders led the discussion regarding the NASBA Board of Directors. She noted the board was scheduled to meet next week.

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S REPORT**



#### **General Updates**

Ms. Glynn presented the following general updates regarding the VBOA:

- Ms. Glynn noted the Information and Policy Advisor position would be vacant effective January 9, 2019, and the VBOA would recruit to fill the position in the future.
- Ms. Glynn noted a new project manager has been hired and will work with MicroPact on the new database system.

#### **November Board Report**

Ms. Charity presented and fielded questions regarding the November 2018 Board Report.

#### **November Financial Report**

Ms. Reinholtz presented and fielded questions regarding the November 2018 Financial Report.

#### **Revenue Projections**

Ms. Reinholtz presented and fielded questions regarding the revenue projections.

#### **BOARD DISCUSSION TOPICS**

#### **Regulatory/Legislative Updates**

Ms. Allen led the discussion regarding the regulatory/legislative updates. She noted the Notice of Intended Regulatory Action (NOIRA) had cleared the executive branch review and was submitted to *The Virginia Register of Regulations*. The comment period would run from January 21, 2019 through February 20, 2019. Ms. Allen provided a handout detailing the standard regulatory process for state agencies.

#### **Proposed UAA Model Rules**

Ms. Allen led the discussion regarding the proposed UAA Model Rules. After a thorough discussion, the Board agreed no comment letter was necessary for the February 11, 2019, proposed UAA Model Rule change deadline. Ms. Warwick will review the proposed UAA Model Rules Article 7 for future Board discussion.



#### **CPE Guidelines**

Mr. Dickerson led the discussion regarding the CPE guidelines. He outlined the NASBA Continuing Professional Education Committee charge to develop and promote uniform rules and requirements for CPE among the jurisdictions. He noted the 2018 NASBA National Registry Summit was held September 25 and 26 in Denver, CO. Mr. Dickerson noted the statement on standards is reviewed every two years. Board member discussion included a need for further review of the VBOA CPE requirements.

#### RECESS FOR LUNCH 12:00 p.m.

#### RECONVENE 12:45 p.m.

#### **BOARD DISCUSSION TOPICS continued**

#### Potential Changes to 18VAC5-22-90 and 18VAC5-22-140

Ms. Allen led the discussion regarding the potential changes to 18VAC5-22-90 and 18VAC5-22-140. Ms. Allen provided a handout to include suggested revisions. Ms. Allen fielded questions and a thorough discussion followed.

#### ADDITIONAL ITEMS FOR DISCUSSION

#### **Carry over items/potential future topics**

- Publication of VBOA disciplinary actions (On-going)
- Potential changes to 18VAC5-22-90 and 18VAC5-22-140 (On-going)
- CPE guidelines (To be determined)
- Active CPE Exempt status (February 2019)
- Trust Fund Reserve Policy (To be determined)
- Virginia-Specific Ethics Course (On-going)
- Required coursework for CPA examination/licensure
- Cannabis laws

#### **Sign Conflict of Interest forms**

#### **Sign Travel Expense vouchers**

#### Future meeting dates

• February 5, 2019



- April 23, 2019
- May 21, 2019

#### **Begin closed meeting**

Upon a motion by Mr. Carson, and duly seconded, the members approved by unanimous vote the meeting be recessed and the Virginia Board of Accountancy convene a closed meeting under the Virginia Freedom of Information Act for the provision of legal counsel and to consult with legal counsel on issues relating to probable litigation, and/or consider the status of all open Enforcement Cases and cases listed on our agenda, a matter lawfully exempted from open meeting requirements under the 'consulting with legal counsel' and 'disciplinary proceedings' exemptions contained in Virginia Code § 2.2-3711(A)(7)(27)." The following non-members will be in attendance to reasonably aid in the consideration of this topic: Nancy Glynn, Robert Drewry and Amanda Blount. The following non-member will be in attendance for a portion of the meeting to reasonably aid in the consideration of this topic: Kelli Anderson

#### **End closed meeting**

Upon a motion by Mr. Carson, and duly seconded, the Virginia Board of Accountancy has convened a closed meeting on this date pursuant to an affirmative recorded vote and in accordance with the provisions of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act; and WHEREAS, § 2.2-3712.A of the Code of Virginia requires a certification by this Board that such closed meeting was conducted in conformity with Virginia law; NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the VBOA hereby certifies that, to the best of each member's knowledge, (i) only public business matters lawfully exempted from open meeting requirements by Virginia laws were discussed in the closed meeting to which this certification resolution applies, and (ii) only such public business matters as were identified in the motion convening the closed meeting were heard, discussed or considered by the VBOA.

#### CALL FOR VOTE:

Susan Quaintance Ferguson, CPA – Aye D. Brian Carson, CPA, CGMA – Aye Matthew P. Bosher, Esq. – Aye W. Barclay Bradshaw, CPA – Aye William R. Brown, CPA – Aye Stephanie S. Saunders, CPA – Aye Laurie A. Warwick, CPA – Aye

#### VOTE: Ayes: Seven (7) Nays: None



The following action was taken as a result of the closed session:

Upon a motion by Mr. Bosher, and duly seconded, members voted unanimously to bestow the honor of FOIA Officer to Kelli Anderson. The members voting "**AYE**" were Ms. Ferguson, Mr. Carson, Mr. Bosher, Mr. Bradshaw, Mr. Brown, Ms. Saunders and Ms. Warwick.

#### **Begin closed meeting**

Upon a motion by Mr. Carson, and duly seconded, the members approved by unanimous vote the meeting be recessed and the Virginia Board of Accountancy convene a closed meeting under the Virginia Freedom of Information Act to discuss and consider a personnel matter relating to the Board of Accountancy Staff, a matter lawfully exempted from open meeting requirements under the 'personnel matters' exemption contained in Virginia Code § 2.2-3711(A)(1)." The following non-member will be in attendance for the closed meeting to reasonably aid in the consideration of this topic: Nancy Glynn.

#### End closed meeting

Upon a motion by Mr. Carson, and duly seconded, the Virginia Board of Accountancy has convened a closed meeting on this date pursuant to an affirmative recorded vote and in accordance with the provisions of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act; and WHEREAS, § 2.2-3712.A of the Code of Virginia requires a certification by this Board that such closed meeting was conducted in conformity with Virginia law; NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the VBOA hereby certifies that, to the best of each member's knowledge, (i) only public business matters lawfully exempted from open meeting requirements by Virginia laws were discussed in the closed meeting to which this certification resolution applies, and (ii) only such public business matters as were identified in the motion convening the closed meeting were heard, discussed or considered by the VBOA.

CALL FOR VOTE: Susan Quaintance Ferguson, CPA – Aye D. Brian Carson, CPA, CGMA – Aye Matthew P. Bosher, Esq. – Aye W. Barclay Bradshaw, CPA – Aye William R. Brown, CPA – Aye Stephanie S. Saunders, CPA – Aye Laurie A. Warwick, CPA – Aye

VOTE: Ayes: Seven (7)



Nays: None

#### ADJOURNMENT

There being no further business before the VBOA, upon a motion by Mr. Brown, and duly seconded, the meeting adjourned by unanimous vote at 3:15 p.m. The members voting "**AYE**" were Ms. Ferguson, Mr. Carson, Mr. Bosher, Mr. Bradshaw, Mr. Brown, Ms. Saunders and Ms. Warwick.

#### **APPROVED:**

Susan Quaintance Ferguson, CPA, Chair

**COPY TESTE:** 

Nancy Glynn, CPA, Executive Director

### Peer Review Oversight Committee Virginia Board of Accountancy 9960 Mayland Drive, Henrico, VA 23233

Nadia A. Rogers, CPA, Chair Delord C. King, CPA Nicole R. Kint, CPA Reza Mahbod, CPA

Members of the Board Virginia Board of Accountancy 9960 Mayland Drive Henrico, Virginia 23233

We have reviewed and evaluated, for the period January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018, the policies and procedures of the Virginia Society of CPAs (the VSCPA) and the National Peer Review Committee (the NPRC) of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the AICPA) as those policies and procedures relate to the administration of the AICPA Peer Review Program (the Peer Review Program) for firms licensed by the Virginia Board of Accountancy (the Board).

Our review and evaluations were conducted for the purpose of determining the appropriateness of the Board's continued reliance on the VSCPA and the NPRC in the administration of the Peer Review Program for firms subject to the licensing requirements of the Virginia Board of Accountancy. Our oversight visits and participation in conference calls are summarized as Attachment A to this report.

Based upon our review and evaluations, we believe that peer reviews are being conducted and reported on consistently and in accordance with the Standards for Performing and Reporting on Peer Reviews (the Standards) promulgated by the AICPA Peer Review Board, and accordingly, the Virginia Board of Accountancy may rely upon the VSCPA and the NPRC in carrying out its responsibilities with respect to the licensing requirements of firms licensed by the Virginia Board of Accountancy for the period January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Virginia Board of Accountancy, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified party.

Review Oversight Committee

Peer Review Oversight Committee Virginia Board of Accountancy February 5, 2019 Peer Review Oversight Committee Virginia Board of Accountancy

#### Attachment A

Summary of Oversight Visits and Participation in Conference Calls:

The VSCPA typically holds five committee meetings per year wherein peer review reports and related documentation are considered for acceptance and other resolution by the VSCPA. A member of the Peer Review Oversight Committee (the Committee) observed meetings held on the following six dates in 2018: January 16, 2018, February 19, 2018, June 1, 2018, August 30, 2018, October 25, 2018 and December 6, 2018.

Each meeting included a Committee member evaluation of the policies and procedures of the VSCPA and the AICPA by comparison to actions taken at the attended meeting including, but not limited to:

- An assessment of peer reviewer qualifications and ability to properly complete assigned reviews;
- Use of standardized AICPA materials;
- Appropriate resolution of issues by technical reviewers, review team captains, and VSCPA committee members;
- Results of each review were appropriately and consistently applied; and
- Independent acceptance or other resolution of a report acceptance body (RAB) of VSCPA members independent of engagement technical reviewers.

Furthermore, a member of the Committee participated in teleconferences held by the AICPA Peer Review Board on February 2, 2018 and May 2, 2018 as well as teleconferences held by the National Association of State Boards of Accountancy Compliance Assurance Committee on May 29, 2018 and November 8, 2018.

#### Virginia Society of CPAs- Consultation on Reviews Commenced and Abandoned

**Purpose:** To determine how to move forward with the firms below where their current review is more than two years late due to a lack of response from the firm's peer reviewer.

Each firm has an active license in the state of Virginia and no other licenses. The Virginia State Board of Accountancy has indicated they will work with these firms in renewing their licenses due to the circumstances out of the firm's control under the assumption the firms will follow AICPA guidance.

**Guidance:** PRPM Interpretation 18-2 provides guidance regarding what to do when circumstances outside of the firm's control affect the firm's ability to comply with some or all of the peer review requirements.

Procedures: Formulate a recommended action after considering risks related to each firm such as:

- Public risk is there a reliance on the firm's audits? Identify risks by searching publicly available databases for audits issued from 2014 2017.
  - Department of Labor (ERISA)
  - Federal Audit Clearinghouse (Single Audits)
  - Public Company Accountings Standards Oversight Board (broker-dealers)
- Peer review risks are there any particular circumstances which would affect any decision to waive the firm's current review and allow a more recent review? Identify risks by looking at the firm's peer review history and inquiring of the firm's current A&A practice and any significant changes in the firm.
  - o Prior PwD or Fail reports
  - New levels of service requiring a different type of peer review
  - Specialized industries or types of engagements, including must-selects

**Proposed Solution:** The current peer review for each firm should be closed (unresolved) and the firm allowed to complete a new review with the following year end and due date:

<u>Firm Name</u>	Proposed Year End	Proposed Due Date
Advantage Accounting & Tax Solutions	12/31/2018	6/30/2019
Radloff & Schmitz, PLLC	6/30/2018	5/31/2019
Scheulen, Patchett & Edwards, PC	3/31/2018	5/31/2019
Frank Barcalow CPA, PLLC	6/30/2018	5/31/2019

The proposed year end and due date keep each firm on the same peer review year end. The administering entity may determine a different year end is more appropriate based on the composition of the firm's practice following PRPM Interpretations 14-1 and 17-1.

#### Specific Firm Information and Rationale for Guidance:

Advantage Accounting & Tax Solutions (#900010152500) – license expires 2/28/19

Review #	<u>Year End</u>	<u>Due Date</u>	Commencement	<u># Partners</u>	<u># Personnel</u>	Prior Rating	Must-Selects
370775	12/31/2014	9/30/2015	6/25/2015	1	4	Pass	ERISA

The firm does not currently perform any must-select engagements, which would mean waiving the current review would result in the ERISA audit not being included. Based on the facts below, the risk of waiving the review is minimal and having a review of the firm's current system of quality control would be more important.

• The firm last performed a 12/31/14 ERISA audit which is more than three years old.

- That plan fell below the audit requirement threshold, thus a 12/31/15 ERISA audit was not required (less than 100 participants). The firm does file the Form 5500 for the plan, which indicated 5 total employees as of 12/31/17.
- The firm issued two ERISA audits with a 12/31/11 year end, both of which were 401(k) audits. One was selected in the 12/31/11 peer review and deemed conforming to professional standards in all material respects.
  - The firm performed only one ERISA audit 2012 2014

#### Radloff & Schmitz, PLLC (#900000693370) – license expires 6/30/19

Review #	<u>Year End</u>	<u>Due Date</u>	Commencement	# Partners	<u># Personnel</u>	Prior Rating	Must-Selects
389188	6/30/2015	12/31/2015	9/1/2015	1	2	PwD	N/A

The firm's prior review was an engagement review which was a PwD for failing to include all required elements of SSARS. While the firm may not have applied SSARS properly in the current peer review period, the more important aspect would be to determine if the firm is currently applying SSARS properly.

The firm has confirmed the makeup of their A&A practice has not changed in the past few years, thus an engagement review is still appropriate.

#### Scheulen, Patchett & Edwards, PC (#900010081073) – license expires 12/31/18

Review #	Year End	<u>Due Date</u>	Commencement	<u># Partners</u>	<u># Personnel</u>	Prior Rating	Must-Selects
373295	3/31/2015	11/30/2015	9/22/2015	3	15	Pass	N/A

There are no identified risks with waiving the firm's current review as the firm has a clean peer review history and their practice structure has not changed over the past several years.

#### Frank Barcalow CPA, PLLC (#900010144124) – license expires 6/30/19

Review #	<u>Year End</u>	<u>Due Date</u>	Commencement	# Partners	# Personnel	Prior Rating	Must-Selects
390301	6/30/2015	1/31/2016	11/16/2015	1	2	PwD	Single Audit

The risk with the firm is related to the prior PwD, though the risk appears minimal. The deficiencies resulted in a non-conforming Yellow Book/Single Audit due to failing to meet Yellow Book CPE requirements and failure to document Yellow Book independence considerations. The risk is mitigated because:

- The firm completed the corrective actions to submit CPE certificates to be in compliance with the Yellow Book and submit their next monitoring report.
- The firm's Letter of Response indicated the firm modified its quality control procedures to meet Yellow Book requirements and to better monitor Governmental Auditing Standards.
  - The firm's Letter of Response nor corrective actions addressed the firm's documentation of independence; however, it is unlikely the peer review conclusions will be different regardless of the year end selected.

Waiving the current review will allow a reviewer to consider whether the firm appropriately documented their consideration of the departure of the GAO peer review requirements (every three years and six months) in accordance with Yellow Book para 2.16 (document the justification for the departure and how alternative procedures performed were sufficient achieve the intent of that requirement).

# **!mpactmakers**

Better Business. Better Community.

# VBOA Licensing and Management System Health Check Overview

February 5, 2018

# Health Check

A Project Health Check is a snapshot of the project

- what is going well
- what needs improvement

Examples of what is checked

- Are roles and responsibilities clearly defined and understood by the team?
- Are risks being assessed and addressed?
- Is there governance for business direction, to resolve issues, to manage scope, and approve key deliverables?
- Are there regular status meetings and reports?
- Is their proper tracking of milestones and spending?

# Health Check (continued)

This is accomplished by

- Project orientation
- Review of key deliverables
- Review of project documentation
- Review of best practices, policies, procedures
- Interviews with project team members / stakeholders

The result of the Health Check

> An Action Plan for the Project – to address issues, identify corrective steps

# **High Level Issues**

- VBOA has had <u>no</u> direct engagement with the MicroPact Product (design) team
- Resolution of issues identified in product demonstrations fixes have not been timely
- The views in the product do not flow well
- Iterations (MicroPact project demonstrations) take a full day and are not productive
- The QA (test) System does not receive timely updates and is difficult to navigate

# We are not currently on a path that will yield a product that is acceptable to VBOA

# **Immediate Actions**

- We are working with the MicroPact Project team to make the Iteration process more efficient
- We are meeting with the MicroPact Product team (2/08/2019) to ensure
  - a. They understand the VBOA requirements
  - b. The VBOA requirements will be in the system
  - c. The system will have a professional "look and feel"
- We are revalidating the project requirements
- Health Check will wrap up by end of February then we will know if August is achievable and if so, what is the pathway to get there

# Next Steps

- Complete process improvement steps with MicroPact
- Finalize and publish project Health Check
- Articulate path to project completion
- Re-baseline project as necessary

# **ETK-Regulatory Demonstration**

PRESENTED TO:

VBOA – Virginia Board of Accountancy

PRESENTED BY:

MicroPact Project Team | 02/05/2019



## Agenda

- System Overview
- Today's Demonstration
- Process Flowchart
- Project Timeline



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ETK-Regulatory is a licensing and enforcement software that supports:

- Online portal
- Licensing
- Enforcement
- Exam & Continuing Education
- Reports



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## **Today's Demonstration**

- Online account registration
- Logging in to online portal
- Applying for a license
- Submitting the application to VBOA
- Reviewing the application in back office



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### **Process Flowchart**



## **Project Timeline**





#### **Account Registration Process**

<u>Step 1:</u> On the login page, click on **Register**.



<u>Step 2:</u> Fill in the required fields and click on **Register**.

GIN ACCOUNT MANAGEMENT ONLINE SERVICE	5	
Registration		
Title		
▼ First Name		
Fiona	R	
Middle Name		
Last Name		
Gallagher	0	
Suffix		
•		
Account Information		
Username		
fiona.gallagher	8	
Email Address		
fiona.gallagher@mailinator.com	0	
Confirm Email Address		
fiona.gallagher@mailinator.com		
Security Questions		
Question 1		
What is the name of your first pet?		
Answer 1		
Puppy		
Question 2 What is your favorite sports team?	▼ 0	
Answer 2		
None	8	

<u>Step 3:</u> Click **here** to go back to the login page.

VIRGINIA BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY			
LOGIN ACCOUNT MANAGEMEN	TT ONLINE SERVICES		
Registration Thank you for your registration Pie	ease click <mark> here t</mark> o login.		
ABOUT US About the VBOA	CONTACT US 9960 Mayland Drive, Suite 402 Henrico, Virginia 23233 Email: boa@boa.virginia.gov Phone: (804) 367-8505	CPA examination services: (804) 367-1111 Fax: (804) 527-4409 Fax (enforcement/complaints): (804) 527-4207 Web policy	

<u>Step 4:</u> Locate the temporary password email in inbox, and copy the password.



Step 5: Back on the login page, enter the username and password, and click Sign On.

VIRGINIA BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY	
LOGIN     ACCOUNT MANAGEMENT     O       Username     fiona gallagher       Password	IN E SERVICES  Virginia Board of Accountancy Online Licensing and Examination Portal  The Virginia Board of Accountancy offers CPA exam candidates, licensees and firms the opportunity to check the status of an application, apply to take the CPA exam, apply for licensure, renew a license, reinstate a license, update contact information, and request license verification and duplicate wall certificates through this online portal.  New users As of [os ube Date], all current candidates and licensees will need to register and create an account in our new online portal. Please note that any previous login information is no longer valid and will not allow you to login to the new portal.  Register an account  Network  Netw
ABOUT US About the VBOA	CONTACT US9960 Mayland Drive, Suite 402CPA examination services: (804) 367-1111Henrico, Virginia 23233Fax: (804) 527-4409Email: boa@boa.virginia.govFax (enforcement/complaints): (804) 527-4207Phone: (804) 367-8505Web policy

#### **License Application Process**

<u>Step 6:</u> Under "Apply for a Credential" section, click on **View Transactions** to see all applications available. Let's apply for an Individual CPA license, and will be doing so via the **Initial Licensing** 

	Apply for a Credential for the Virgini	a Board of Accountancy	×
Link a Credential to yu Registration	Exam Candidate	Firm CPA Initial Licensing Application (Firm)	eke Payments w your Shopping Cart
Onboard an Existing Credent	Individual CPA Initial Licensing Application (Endorsement)	Individual CPA Initial Licensing Application (DOS Exam Candidate)	n juu aluganjuan
My Cases Lookup Cases	Individual CPA Initial Licensing Application (Out of Country)		SUA prila Board of Accountancy website
THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE REAL	VIEW AL	L SERVICES	
Apply for a Credential			
Apply for a Credential for the Virginia Board of Accountancy			
VIEW TRANSACTIONS			

#### Application (Endorsement).

<u>Step 7:</u> First page asks for basic information. Fill out all applicable fields and click **Next**.

vboa	RGINIA BOARD FACCOUNTANCY							fiona.gallagher 😫	분 <mark>80.00</mark>	ል	G
Credential: Indiv	ising Application (Endors									Actions	
Department: State Division	a: Agency Board: Virginia Board of Accourt	ntancy Status: Draft Total Fee:	\$0.00								
Demographics - ID	Demographics - ID										
	First Name:	Fiona	0								
	Middle name:		í T								
	Last name:	Gallagher	0								
	Suffix:	•									
	Date of birth:	01/01/1990	🛗 (mm/dd yyyy)								
	Social Security Number:	··· · · · 1291									
	DMV-issued control number:		0								
	Please indicate field of work:	Other	0								
	If other is selected, please specify the field:	Unemployed		7							
	Next			_							

<u>Step 8:</u> Second page asks for address information. Provide address information via filling out all applicable information and click **Save**.

vboa	rginia Boari Accountanc	ę		fiona.gallagher 😫	넕 <mark>80.00</mark>	ŵ	G
TRAN-0159 Initial Licen Credential: Indivi	sing Appli	cation (Endorseme	nt)			Actions	
Department: State Division	Agency Beard	a: Virginia Board of Accountancy	Status: Draft Total Fee: \$0.00				
Demographics - ID	Demographic	s - Address					
Demographics - Address	Address type:	Mailing Address	•				
Address	Address line 1:	129 Royale Ln.					
	Address line 2:						
	City:	Richmond	] <b>0</b>				
	State:	Virginia					
	ZIP Code:	20101					
	Country:	UNITED STATES	) •				
	Save	ncel					

Step 9: Third page shows a listing of all address information entered. Click Next.



Step 10: Next, fill out email address information and click Save.



Step 11: Fifth page shows a listing of all email addresses entered. Click Next.



Step 12: Provide phone information via filling out applicable fields. Click Save.

vboa	OININA ROARD	fiona.gallagher 😫	岸 <mark>8990</mark>	Ĝ	G
TRAN-0159 Initial Licen Credential: Indivi	ing Application (Endorsement)			Action	: 🖬
partment: State Division Demographics - ID Demographics - Address	Agency Reared: Verginia Board of Accountancy States: Dath Total Fere \$0.00 Demographics - Plane Planta mather type: Call Phone  Call Phone Call				
Address Demographics - Email Demographics - Phone	Country code: UNITED STATES (1) • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				

#### Step 13: Click Next to continue.



#### Indicate the completion of Professional Ethics course and click Next.



#### Specify licensed state. Click Next.

TRAN-01596 Initial Licensing Application (Endorsement) Credential: Jacobies Aprov Barel Vegnis Barel of Accountery States: Dail Tels Fee 50.00         Description - Dail Description - Enal Description -			fiona gallagher	<b>6</b>
Description - ID     License verification       Description - Address     Please specify the state(y) is which you hold and have held a CPA license.       Propring to: - License	Initial Licensing Application (Endorsement)			
Desceptibles - Address Address - Address - Colorado Desceptibles - Energy How rate board to forward a copy of the letter of good standing to the VBOA Desceptibles - Energy How rate board to forward a copy of the letter of good standing to the VBOA				
Demographics - Email Please request your nate board to forward a copy of the letter of good standing to the VBOA. Please request your nate board to forward a copy of the letter of good standing to the VBOA.	Demographics - Addeess Please specify the state(s) in which you hold and have held a CPA license.	Colorado		
	Demographics - Email Please request your state board to forward a copy of the letter of good standing to the VBOA. Demographics -	District of Columbia		

#### Answer questions regarding background information. Click Next.

vboa	Iginia BOARD ACCOLNIANCY	) x
TRAN-0159 Initial Licen Credential: Indivi	sing Application (Endorsement)	Actions
tment: State Division	Agency Boards Vegenia Board of Accountancy States: Deft Tetal Fee: \$0.00 Background Information	
	There you aver been convicted of a mindemeanor, had a judgment withhold or deferred, or are you currently charged with committing a mindemeanor?	) Yes 🖲 No 👩 🕐
emographics - ddress	rates you will demonstrate of a factor, had a glogardine vindent on detertion () of an () on currently charged with committing a fallow?	<ul> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>(?)</li> </ul>
	Have you ever been convicted of a military offense, had a judgment withheld or deferred, or are you currently charged with committing a military offense?	· Yes · No O
mographics - Email	If you answered yes to any of the above, you must attach the following documents to this application:	• •
mographics - one	a) A written internet equilant the committees of each incident which includes the date of precision of pre	Choose File No file chosen
	b) A copy of the charging document	Choose File No file chosen
CPA's ethics course	c) A copy of the official document, which demonstrates the resolution of the charges or any final judgment	Choose File No file chosen
cense verification	Have you ever been named or involved as a party in an administrative proceeding, including proceedings before other state boards of accountancy, PCAOB, SEC, or FDNRA, or arbitration proceeding regarding any professional or occupational license or registration?	) Yes 🖲 No 👩 🕐
ckground	If you answered yes, you must attach the following documents to this application:	
formation	a) A written statement identifying the type of licence and explaining the circumstances of each incident	Choose File No file chosen
	b) A copy of the Notice of Hearing or other document that states the charges and allegations	Choose File No file chosen
	e) A copy of the official document, which demonstrates the resolution of the charges or any final judgment	Choose File No file chosen
	Are you currently a party to, or have you ever been found lable in, any larvoid, arbitrations or mediation proceeding involving allegations of faud, minappropriation or convenion of faud, minepresentation, breach of fadoiary duty, or professional negligence? If you answerd yes, you must stuck the following documents to this application:	🔍 Yes 🏽 No 👩
	<ul> <li>a) A written statement summarizing the details of each incident</li> </ul>	Choose File No file chosen
	b) A copy of the petition, complaint or other document that commenced the lawwait or arbitration, or mediation proceedings	Choose File No file chosen
	c) A copy of the official documents, which demonstrates the resolution of the charges or any final judgment	Choose File No file chosen
	If attaching documents is not possible, please mail all required documentation to:	
	Virginia Bond of Accountery 9900 Marina Dime, Suna 402 Henron, Vignia 1233	
	We cannot finalize your application until we receive all the documents that are needed.	
	Period. Next	

#### Attest to the information provided and click **Next**.

vb	<b>o</b> a	fiona gallagher 🔂 🛓	ል	G
Initi	AN-01596 ial Licens	ing Application (Endorsement)	Action	
Department: St	tate Division:	Agency Beard: Veginia Board of Accountancy Status: Dath Tetal Fee: \$0.50		
Demograpi	thics - ID	Certification		
Demograpi	thics -	I certify that all of the information submitted in this application and attachments is true and complete. I am arrave that submitting fable information or omitting periment or material information in connection with this application is grounds for license revocation or detail of the license.	• Yes	No
Address		I certify that I grant permission to the Virginia Board of Accountancy to verify information with any federal, state or local government agency; or curvest or former employer.		
Demograpi	thics - Email	I certify that upon request, I will finals that Virginia Board of Accountancy certified copies of any documents attached to this application or requested by the Virginia Board of Accountancy.		
Demograpi Phone	hics -	Endotries the Verginia Board of Accountancy to give any information concerning me, as permitted by law, to any federal, state or municipal agency, or any other organization and I release the Verginia Board of Accountancy and any person acting on its behalf from any and all liability of whatever nature by reason of furnishing mode information.		
AICPA's et	thics course	I schoorbeige that I understand and will comply with the public accountancy laws and explanation of Verprint, which includes the continuing professional education (PE) requirements prescribed by Board regulations IFVAC52:204 I shall, upon the Verprint Board of Accountancy's respert, demonstrate such compliance.		
License ve	erification	Presses		
Backgroun				
Certificati	ion			

Click on Add To Cart.

vboa	RGINIA BOARD ACCOUNTANCY							fiona gallagher $\Theta$	¥*** & G•
TRAN-0159 Initial Licens Credential: Indivi	sing Application (Endor	rsement)							Actions 🔁
Department: State Division	: Agency Board: Virginia Board of Acc	countaincy Status: Draft Total Fee: \$75.00	)						
Demographics - ID	Demographics - ID								
Demographics - Address	First Name:	Fiona							
	Middle name: Last name:	Gallagher							
Demographics - Email Demographics -	Suffix:	Gallegues							
Phone Phone	Date of birth: Social Security Number:	01/01/1990							
AICPA's ethics course	DMV-issued control number:	0							
License verification	Please indicate field of work: If other is selected, please specify the fie	Other							
Background information	it outer is selected, prease specify use in	ene. Chempioyee							
Certification	Demographics - Address								
Review	Address type:	Address line 1:		Address line 2:	City:	State:	ZIP Code:	Country:	
	<ul> <li>Mailing Address</li> </ul>	129 Royale Ln.			Richmond	Virginia	20101	UNITED STATES	
	Showing 1 to 1 of 1 entries								
	Demographics - Email								
	Email add				Do not display in license sea	arch?			
		her@mailinator.com			No				
	Showing 1 to 1 of 1 entries								
	Demographics - Phone								
	Phone number typ	pe:	Country code:		Phone number:		Do not display in license search?		
	Cell Phone		UNITED STATES (1)		201-901-2901		Yes		
	Showing 1 to 1 of 1 entries								
	AICPA's ethics course								
		sional Ethics: AICPA's Comprehensive Course?	Yes						
	If yes, please provide a copy of your cer	rtificate.	gray-sweater.png						
	License verification								
	Please specify the state(s) in which you Please request your state board to forwa	hold and have held a CPA license. ard a copy of the letter of good standing to the V	California BOA.						
	Background information								
		demeanor, had a judgment withheld or deferred,	or are you currently charged with	a committing a misdemeanor?					No
		ny, had a judgment withheld or deferred, or are tary offense, had a judgment withheld or deferre							No
	If you answered yes to any of the above, a) A written statement explaining address of probation officer, amo b) A copy of the charging docum	e, you must attach the following documents to the g the circumstances of each incident which inclu- ount of fine paid, if applicable	is application: ades the date of arrest, city and st		rt where case was heard, details of the v	iolation of which you	were convicted, dates of imprisonment, da	tes of period of probation, condition	
	If you answered yes, you must attach th a) A written statement identifying b) A copy of the Notice of Hearing	as a party in an administrative proceeding, incl te following documents to this application: up the type of license and explaining the circum ing or other document that states the charges an int, which demonstrates the resolution of the cha	tances of each incident d allegations	ate boards of accountancy, PCAOB, SEC, or	FINRA, or arbitration proceeding rega	rding any professional	l or occupational license or registration?		No
	If you answered yes, you must attach the a) A written statement summariz	to ever been found liable in, any lawsuit, arbitrat te following documents to this application: ting the details of each incident aint or other document that commenced the law			or conversion of funds, misrepresentati	ion, breach of fiduciar	y duty, or professional negligence?		No
	c) A copy of the official document	ents, which demonstrates the resolution of the ch	arges or any final judgment						
		please mail all required documentation to:							
	Virginia Board of Accountancy 9960 Mayland Drive, Suite 402 Henrico, Virginia 23233								
	We cannot finalize your application until	il we receive all the documents that are needed.							
	Certification	nitted in this application and attachments is true	and complete I am aware that su	hmitting false information or omitting pertin	ent or material information in connectio	e with this application	n is arounds for license reportion or denial	of the license	Yes
		irginia Board of Accountancy to verify informa							
		h the Virginia Board of Accountancy certified or							
	I authorize the Virginia Board of Accoust such information.	antancy to give any information concerning me,	as permitted by law, to any feder	al, state or municipal agency, or any other or	anization and I release the Virginia Boz	ard of Accountancy an	ad any person acting on its behalf from any	and all liability of whatever nature	by reason of furnishing
	I acknowledge that I understand and will such compliance.	Il comply with the public accountancy laws and	regulations of Virginia, which in	cludes the continuing professional education	(CPE) requirements prescribed by Boar	d regulations 18VAC:	5-22-90 and 18VAC5-22-140. I shall, upon	the Virginia Board of Accountancy	r's request, demonstrate
	1.								
	Fees								
	Description 🔺 H	Fee Amount ()							
	License Application - Individual 7	_							
		1							
	Actions								
	Add To Cart								
Virginia Board of Accountant 996 Mayland Drive, Suite 41 Herrice, Virginia 22333 Email: boa@boa.virginia gov Phone: (604) 357-8305	<b>5</b> 02								
CPA examination services: (8 Fax: (804) 527-4409									

Click on **here** to navigate back to the home page.

Certification	
I certify that all of the information submitted in this application and attackments is true and complete. I an aware that submitting false information or omitting pertinent or material information in connection with this application is grounds for license revocation or denial of the license.	Yes
I certify that I grant permission to the Virginia Board of Accountancy to verify information with any federal, state or local government agency, or current or former employer.	
I certify that upon request, I will furnish the Varginia Board of Accountancy certified copies of any documents attached to this application or requested by the Varginia Board of Accountancy.	
I authorize the Varginia Board of Accountancy to give any information concerning me, as permitted by law, to any federal, state or municipal agency, or any other organization and I release the Varginia Board of Accountancy and any person acting on its behalf from any and all liability of whatever nature by reason of furnishing such information.	
I acknowledge that I understand and will comply with the public accountancy laws and regulations of Virginia, which includes the continuing professional education (CPE) requirements prescribed by Board regulations ISVACS-22-40 and ISVACS-22-40. I shall, upon the Virginia Board of Accountancy's request, demonstrate such compliance.	
Fees	
Description * Fee Amount	
License Application - Individual 75	
Action	
- Thank you. Your Transaction has been added to shopping car Please click tore to the home page.	

#### Click on Make Payments.

		How can we help you?		
	Link a Credential to your Registration Onboard an Existing Credential	Public Search Lookup a Public Credential	Make Payments View your Shopping Cart	
- Aliana	My Cases Lookup Cases	Online Complaint File a complaint	VBOA Virginia Board of Accountancy website	
		VIEW ALL SERVICES	NULL I	

Notice the application fee in cart and click on **Submit Cart**.

						fiona.gallagher 😫	ਸ਼	ል	G
Welcome to the S	hopping Cart								
Online users have access to lo cost payments. Ask us how!									
	rrently in your shopping cart:	Fee Description	Amount Paid	Amount Due					
TRAN-01596	Initial Licensing Application (Endorsement)	License Application - Individual	\$0.00	\$75.00	•				
Total Submit Cart (Test Mode)			\$0.00	\$75.00					

Note the payment successful message and receipt information displayed.

	fiona.gallagher	¥.	ଜ	G
The below items are currently in your shopping cart.				
Congratulations! Your payment was a success!!!				
Receipt #: RECEIPT-2019-00097 Payer; Fiona Gallagher Date: 01/29/2019				
Transaction Number Transaction Fee Description Amount Paid				
TRAN-01596 Initial Licensing Application (Endorsement) License Application - Individual \$75.00				
Total 375.00				

### Virginia Board of Accountancy FY19 Board Report As of December 31, 2018

	Α	В	С	D	E F	G	Н		J K	L	М
1	REPORT CATEGORIES	FY2019 - YTD as of 12/31/18	FY2019 - YTD as of 11/30/18		FY2018 - YTD as of 11/30/17	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/18		Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/17	Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/16		Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/15
2	LICENSEES										
3	Individuals:										
4	Number of Active, licensed CPAs	26,614	26,594		26,021	26,318		25,452	24,648		24,791
5	Number of Active - CPE Exempt, licensed CPAs	1,677	1,647		1,427	1,585		1,326	1,158		898
6	Number of Active - Renewal Fee Delinquent (<12 months), licensed CPAs	0	0		406	0		933	1,516		1,142
7	Total Number of Licensed CPAs	28,291	28,241		27,854	27,903		27,711	27,322	1	26,831
8	Number of out-of-state licensees	8,478	8,458		8,325	8,330		8,290	8,152		8,086
9	Reinstatements - Individuals	67	51		72	178		92	79		106
10	Number of new CPA licenses issued	594	477		570	1,227		1,378	1,322		1,240
11	Net change in number of expired/voluntary surrendered licenses (>12 months)	273	190		499	1,213		1,081	910		863
12	Firms:										
13	Number of Active, licensed CPA firms	1,169	1,178		1,151	1,177		1,123	1,092		1,115
14	Number of Active - Renewal Fee Delinquent (<12 months), licensed CPA firms	0	0		22	0		44	65		71
15	Total Number of Licensed CPA Firms	1,169	1,178		1,173	1,177		1,167	1,157		1,186
16		2	1		3	10		5	5		0
17	Number of new CPA firm licenses issued	23	16		33	74		65	29		40
18		33	16		30	74		60	63		72
	EXAM CANDIDATES										
	Number of first time candidates applying to sit for CPA exam	712	614		553	1,675		1,819	2,136		1,904
	ENFORCEMENT										
	Number of complaints	29	28		46	85		82	145		84
	Types of complaints:										
24		10	9		18	20		45	41		24
25		19	19		28	65		37	104		60
	CPE AUDITS	4.000	4 0 0 0		4 005	0.400		0.000	4.570		4.000
	Number of CPE audits selected	1,268	1,063	(a)	1,235	2,402		2,022	1,578		1,088
	Status of CPE Audits:		740		750	0.001		4.50.4	4.004		040
29		809	713		756	2,001		1,594	1,291		819
30		63	53		100	401		428	286		269
31	# of CPE audit deficiencies resulting in surrender of license	4	4		6	32		52	30		17
32	# of CPE audit deficiencies resulting in suspension of license	3	3		0	23		34	19		19
33		396 7%	297 7%		379 12%	17%		21%	18%		25%
	CPE Audit Deficiency Rate	1 %	1 %		12%	17%		21%	10%		25%
35	NOTES:										
	(a) CPE audits selected through December 2018.				<u> </u>			<u> </u>			
					<u> </u>			<u> </u>			
38 39		1			I I	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1		
40											
41		<u> </u>									




# Virginia Board of Accountancy Financial Report FY19 Budget vs. Actual Expenses As of December 31, 2018

Expendi	ture Type	FY1	9 Operating Budget	Y19 YTD penditures	% Expended	Y18 YTD penditures	Y17 YTD penditures	216 YTD enditures
Salaries	& Benefits		1,246,789	648,048	52.0%	1,174,172	1,103,143	999,185
<u></u>	Total Salaries & Benefits	\$	1,246,789	\$ 648,048	52.0%	\$ 1,174,172	\$ 1,103,143	\$ 999,185
Contract	ual Services							
1209	Charge Card Purchases (not distributed)		-	-		-	-	-
1211	Express Services		800	86	10.8%	722	-	-
1214	Postal Services		13,000	4,196	32.3%	12,886	7,975	9,144
1215	Printing Services		5,500	2,049	37.3%	5,487	5,245	4,163
1216	Telecommunications - VITA		13,500	6,290	46.6%	11,613	12,272	10,021
1217	Telecommunications - Nonstate (CallFire)		300	50	16.7%	100	600	-
1219	Inbound Freight Organization Memberships (primarily NASBA)		150 7,255	47	31.4% 94.6%	160 7,255	418 7,250	858
1221 1222	Publication Subscriptions		1,255	6,860 876	70.1%	1,266	4,730	7,030 5,254
1222	Training - Courses, Workshops, Conferences		6,955	1,428	20.5%	11,459	8,914	8,566
1224	Employee Tuition Reimbursement		1,618	1,618	100.0%	-	0,914	0,500
1223	Training-Transportation, Lodging, Meals, Incidentals		15,000	639	4.3%	23,825	10,933	16,123
1228	Employee IT Training Courses/Workshops and Conferences		100	-	0.0%	-	91	91
1242	Fiscal Services (Credit Card Merchant Fees)		50,000	16,695	33.4%	48,558	53,790	47,883
1243	Attorney Services (Including OAG)		62,020	31,010	50.0%	51,736	24,844	36,671
1244	Mgmt. Services - NASBA/special accommodations - IT Support		29,800	17,600	59.1%	21,736	75,641	64,564
1245	Personnel Management Services		-	79		,	- / -	- ,
1246	Public Info/Public Relations (subscriptions)		5,100	360	7.1%	3,538	5,015	1,756
1247	Legal Services (Includes court reporting services)		18,000	6,829	37.9%	19,562	12,977	10,306
1248	Media Services		-	-		-	-	235
1252	Electrical Repair/Maintenance		-	-		-	90	-
1253	Equipment Repair/Maintenance		-	823		-	-	-
1263	Clerical / Temp Services					2,754	2,475	
1264	Food and Dietary Services		3,500	857	24.5%	3,236	2,156	2,170
1265	Laundry & Linen Services		-	-		-	25	-
1266	Manual Labor Services (Includes shredding services)		720	140	19.4%	394	1,122	380
1267	Production Services		-	-		-	-	1,771
1268 1272	Skilled Services VITA Pass Thru Charges (SA Maintenance, IT Upgrades, and ISO services)		- 131.677	- 48,956	 37.2%	- 135,170	- 122,620	960 87,475
1272	Info Mgmt Design and Development Services (Project Manager)		156,000	40,950 57,500	36.9%	94,600	122,020	07,475
1273	VITA Information Technology Infrastructure Services		144,000	60,105	41.7%	119,126	- 90,483	- 118,041
1278	Computer Software Development Services (MicroPact and Data Conversion)		455,570	226,915	49.8%	346,155	90,465	110,041
1282	Travel - Personal Vehicle		8,000	2,565	32.1%	8,099	6,980	5,926
1283	Travel - Public Carriers		-	2,000		-	589	543
1284	Travel - State Vehicles		1,000	67	6.7%	652	619	1,347
1285	Travel - Subsistence and Lodging		1,500	1,221	81.4%	2.182	1,250	1,749
1288	Travel, Meal Reimburse - Not IRS Rpt		1,000	604	60.4%	1,423	730	917
	Total Contractual Services	\$	1,133,315	\$ 496,543	43.8%	\$ 933,694	\$ 459,834	\$ 487,145
c r								
	and Materials				<b>07</b> 00/		1.000	
1312	Office Supplies		5,000	1,752	35.0%	5,023	4,338	6,726
1313	Stationery and Forms		2,500	984	39.4%	2,028	2,214	2,249
1323	Gasoline (Enterprise vehicles)		250	103	41.4%	221	155	308
1335	Packaging and Shipping Supplies		500 50	647	129.4% 0.0%	485	958 260	715 48
1342	Medical & Dental Supplies		50	-	0.0%	-	260	48

Expenditure Type		9 Operating Budget	Y19 YTD penditures	% Expended	Y18 YTD penditures	FY17 YTD Expenditures	Y16 YTD penditures
Supplies and Materials, continued1352Custodian Repair & Maintenance1362Food & Dietary Supplies1363Food Service Supplies1364Laundry & Linen Supplies1373Computer Operating Supplies		300 525 100 - 5,500	 109 - 2,022	0.0% 20.7% 0.0%  36.8%	389 498 62 - 3,194	41 561 107 24 7,004	 48 260 15 - 3,402
Total Supplies & Materials	\$	14,725	\$ 5,617	38.1%	\$ 11,900	\$ 15,919	\$ 14,635
Transfer Payments1413Awards & Recognition1415Unemployment Compensation1418Incentives		900 - -	138 - -	15.3%  	848 - -	863 - 410	717 - -
Total Transfer Payments	\$	900	\$ 138	15.3%	\$ 848	\$ 1,273	\$ 717
Continuous Charges1512Automobile Liability Insurance1516Property Insurance1534Equipment Rentals1539Building Rentals - Non-State Owned Facilities1541Agency Service Charges (DOA, PSB, DHRM, LVA & eVA)1551General Liability Insurance1554Surety Bonds1555Worker's Compensation		231 1,224 8,500 93,417 38,424 188 40 978	- 3,485 46,398 1,521 - - -	0.0% 0.0% 41.0% 49.7% 4.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	231 1,224 8,645 90,982 38,169 188 40 978	231 1,224 8,460 88,126 36,071 188 40 968	231 1,224 4,865 76,350 32,411 188 40 978
Total Continuous Charges	\$	143,002	\$ 51,404	35.9%	\$ 140,457	\$ 135,308	\$ 116,287
Equipment2216Network Components2217Other Computer Equipment2218Computer Software Purchases2224Reference Equipment2231Electronic Equipment2232Photographic Equipment2233Voice and Data Transmission Equipment2238Electronic and Photo Equipment Improvements (Board Rooms)2261Office Appurtenances (Blinds, Carpet, etc.)2262Office Furniture2263Office Incidentals2264Office Machines2268Office Equipment Improvements2271Household Equipment		1,200 500 - 50 - 3,000 3500 15,000 1,500 - 150 -	65 762 379 32 - - - - - 59 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	5.4% 152.3%  64.5%  0.0% 0.0% 0.8% 3.9%  0.0% 	341 685 540 80 - 552 164 6,125 94 955 969 65 -	1,117 300 2,157 26 164 845 - - 3,375 2,646 928 129 342	530 744 3,556 181 - 1,691 - 880 14,385 14,385 1,627 821 129 -
Total Equipment	\$	21,750	\$ 1,424	6.5%	\$ 10,168	\$ 12,030	\$ 24,543
Total Expenses	\$	2,560,481	\$ 1,203,174	48.6%	\$ 2,271,239	\$ 1,727,506	\$ 1,642,512
Chapter 2 Appropriation	\$	2,476,080					
Decision Package Appropriation Requests (To be requested) Total Projected Appropriation	\$ \$	84,401 2,560,481					

# Virginia Board of Accountancy Financial Report Cash Balance As of December 31, 2018

	Operating Fund (09226)				 Special Fund (02020)				
		9 - YTD 2/31/18		2018 - YTD of 12/31/17	2019 - YTD of 12/31/18		Y2018 - YTD s of 12/31/17		
Beginning Fund Balance July 1:	\$	614,003	\$	511,346	\$ 3,700,807	\$	3,677,602		
YTD Revenue Collected *	:	810,460		1,272,648	17,505		11,211		
Accounts Payable **		76,108		161,856	0		0		
Interfund Cash Transfers In/(Out), based on September 30th balance		43,805		(267,307)	(43,805)		267,307		
Interfund Cash Transfers In/(Out), based on December 31st balance	;	373,278		0	(373,278)		0		
Interfund Cash Transfers In/(Out), based on March 31st balance		0		0	0		0		
Interfund Cash Transfers In/(Out), based on June 30 balance		0		0	0		0		
YTD Expenditures	(1,	202,724)		(1,125,502)	0		0		
Cash Balance before annual transfers		714,931	\$	553,042	\$ 3,301,229	\$	3,956,120		
Projected Cash Transfers:									
Transfers to Central Service Agencies ***	(	\$11,302)		(\$10,155)	\$0		\$0		
Cash Balance after transfers	\$	703,629	\$	542,887	\$ 3,301,229	\$	3,956,120		

\* Includes Interest Earnings - Per Virginia Acts of Assembly - Chapter 732 - §3-3.03 - Approved April 10, 2016, the State Comptroller shall allocate revenue for interest earnings effective FY2016. Interest Earnings had not been allocated since FY2010.

\*\* Prior to October 1, 2014 and the implementation of the Commonwealth's new financial accounting and reporting system (Cardinal) all payments immediately reduced cash when processed (in CARS). The new Cardinal financial system operates on a modified accrual basis and cash balances are not affected until the voucher's due date. The Cardinal system generates an offsetting entry to a liability account (accounts payable) when the voucher is processed. Once the voucher due date arrives, the payment is made, the liability is relived and cash is now reduced.

\*\*\* Non-general fund Transfers required by Virginia Acts of Assembly Part 3-1.01F for expenses incurred by central service agencies due on or before June 30.

# Virginia Board of Accountancy Financial Report Revenue by Fee Type Source: VBOA Licensing System (MLO)

	<b>Fee Type</b>	019 - YTD of 12/31/18	2018 - YTD of 12/31/17	_	iscal Year ding 6/30/18	_	iscal Year ding 6/30/17	iscal Year ling 6/30/16
(a)	Pre-Evaluation of Transcripts	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,975
	Application Fee	\$ 147,645	\$ 145,515	\$	309,965	\$	333,960	\$ 369,945
(b)	Re-Exam Application	\$ 49,460	\$ 47,120	\$	90,580	\$	115,480	\$ 61,220
(c)	Renewal Fee	\$ 570,305	\$ 1,028,270	\$	1,859,054	\$	2,086,540	\$ 1,864,290
	Reinstatement Fee	\$ 30,050	\$ 28,800	\$	64,570	\$	45,775	\$ 35,450
	Duplicate Wall Certificate Fee	\$ 825	\$ 1,050	\$	1,950	\$	1,775	\$ 1,750
	License Verification Fee	\$ 9,600	\$ 10,650	\$	20,025	\$	20,487	\$ 19,963
	CPA Exam Score Transfers	\$ 1,125	\$ 1,125	\$	2,325	\$	2,075	\$ 2,075
	Failure to Respond to Board Requests	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	5,100	\$ 4,300
	Administrative Fee	\$ -	\$ 1,000	\$	1,000	\$	5,100	\$ 4,100
	Bad Check Fee	\$ 50	\$ -	\$	150	\$	50	\$ 100
	Total Revenue	\$ 809,060	\$ 1,263,530	\$	2,349,619	\$	2,616,342	\$ 2,367,168
(d)	Net Revenue per Commonwealth Accounting and Reporting System (Cardinal)	\$ 807,717	\$ 1,269,810	\$	2,338,729	\$	2,604,132	\$ 2,378,598
(e)	Difference	\$ 1,343	\$ (6,280)	\$	10,890	\$	12,210	\$ (11,430)

# NOTES:

(a) Effective October 15, 2015, VBOA no longer collected fees for Pre-Evaluation of Transcripts.

(b) Effective January 5, 2016, VBOA implemented the Re-Exam Application fee.

(c) Renewal Fee also includes associated late fees prior to FY19.

(d) Net Revenue per Cardinal reported above includes only revenue received from regulatory fees.

(e) Revenue Totals from the VBOA Licensing System (MLO) will not always match Revenue collected and reported on the VBOA Cash Report (Cardinal), due to timing differences in dates transactions are posted into each system and pending adjustments.

# Virginia Board of Accountancy Financial Report Accounts Receivable As of December 31, 2018

	2019 - YTD of 12/31/18		2018 - YTD of 12/31/17		iscal Year Ending 6/30/18	F	iscal Year Ending 6/30/17	I	scal Year Ending 6/30/16
Fines levied/collected/receivable:									
\$ amount of fines levied	\$ 86,200	\$	106,700	\$	326,285	\$	187,925	\$	284,528
\$ amount of fines collected	\$ 100,118	\$	112,491	\$	258,879	\$	198,771	\$	252,626
\$ OAG Fees	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	342
\$ Discharged	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Outstanding Current fines receivable (< 365 Days)	\$ 77,567	\$	13,551	\$	92,026	\$	25,442	\$	51,538
Outstanding Written-off receivables (=> 365 Days) (a)	\$ 592,764	\$	597,500	\$	592,222	\$	591,400	\$	576,150

#### NOTE:

(a) All accounts uncollected after one year are deemed uncollectible, are written off of the VBOA's financial account records, and are no longer recognized receivables for financial reporting purposes; however, the legal obligation to pay the debt still remains.



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

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# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

As management of the Virginia Board of Accountancy (Board), the Board offers readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Board for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

# Financial Highlights

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Board exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$3,482,792 (net position), an increase of \$246,682 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$2,890,470 represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the Board's ongoing obligations.

At the close of FY2018, the Board's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,238,169, an increase of \$136,336 in comparison with the prior year. The committed portion of the fund balance is \$4,235,508, which is available for spending at the Board's discretion.

At the close of FY2018, the total fund balance for the Board's Operating Fund was \$537,362, or approximately 24 percent of total operating expenditures. The Board also has a Trust Account to be used for the study, research, investigation, and adjudication of matters involving possible violations of statutes or regulations relating to the profession of public accounting, or for any other purpose the Board determines is relevant to its statutory purposes and cannot otherwise be funded through its Operating Fund. At the close of FY2018, the Trust Account reported an ending fund balance of \$3,700,807.

Continued investments in technology are necessary to achieve the operational efficiencies necessary for the Board to reach its strategic goals. The Board is currently supported by a generic off-the-shelf licensing software system that was installed in FY2009 which is used for licensing and enforcement of CPAs and CPA firms which includes online licensing renewals and applications. The current system does not meet the needs of staff, applicants, licensees or the public and is in need of updates and modifications. The Board received Project Initiation Approval (PIA) from the Chief Information Officer of the Commonwealth in early FY2018 for a new licensing database system and began development during the year. The Board anticipates implementation of the new system by early FY2020.

# Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Board's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: (1) the entity-wide financial statements, (2) the fund financial statements, and (3) the Notes to Financial Statements.

## Entity-Wide Financial Statements

The entity-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Board's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Board's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources; net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position and is displayed in three components – net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may indicate whether the financial position of the Board is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Board's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned, but unused vacation leave).

The entity-wide financial statements can be found on pages 8 and 9 of this report.

## Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Board, like other state and local government agencies, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the Board's funds are governmental funds.

# Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions as governmental activities in the entity-wide financial statements. However, unlike the entity-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government agency's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the entity-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the entity-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Board's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Board has two governmental funds (Operating Fund and Trust Account), both of which are special revenue funds. Information is presented in separate columns in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for each fund.

The Board adopts an annual operating budget for its Operating Fund. The Board's budget is prepared principally on a cash basis and represents appropriations as authorized by the General Assembly. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the Operating Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 10 through 15 of this report.

## Entity-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Board, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$3,482,792 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the Board's net position (83 percent) is unrestricted, meaning they may be used to meet the Board's ongoing obligations. The remaining portion of the Board's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets (16 percent) and other postemployment asset (1 percent). The Board uses capital assets to provide services to exam and license applicants, regulants and the public; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

# Condensed Summary Statement of Net Position

	f	or the year ende	ed June 30,		Increase/(I	Decrease)
		2018	2017		Amount	Percent
Current and other assets	\$	4,403,543	\$ 4,229,392	\$	174,151	4%
Capital assets, net of depreciation		554,322	99,301		455,021	458%
Total assets		4,957,865	4,328,693		629,172	15%
					·	
Deferred outflows of resources		259,312	300,965		(41,653)	-14%
Total assets and deferred outflows		5,217,177	4,629,658		587,519	13%
Current liabilities		168,233	158,788		9,445	6%
Long-term liabilities		1,430,919	1,203,760		227,159	19%
Total liabilities		1,599,152	1,362,548		236,604	17%
					<u> </u>	
Deferred inflows of resources		135,233	31,000		104,233	336%
Total liabilities and deferred inflows		1,734,385	1,393,548		340,837	24%
		· · · ·			<u> </u>	
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		554,322	99,301		455,021	458%
Restricted		38,000			-	100%
Unrestricted		2,890,470	3,136,809		(246,339)	-8%
		_,,	-,,0>		(	
Total net position	\$	3,482,792	\$ 3,236,110	\$	246,682	8%
1		, , , , , , ,	. , , -	<u> </u>	,	

The Board's net position, as restated, increased by \$246,682 during FY2018. This increase represents the degree to which licensing and examination fees exceeded operating expenses. Key elements of this increase in net position are as follows:

# Condensed Summary of Changes in Net Position

	for the year e	nded June 30,	Increase/(I	Decrease)
	2018	2017	Amount	Percent
Program revenues: Charges for services General revenues:	\$ 2,407,171	\$ 2,637,681	\$ (230,510)	-9%
Monetary penalties	276,738	194,654	82,084	42%
Total revenues	2,683,909	2,832,335	(148,426)	-5%
Licensing and enforcement expenses	1,867,246	1,893,389	(26,143)	-1%
Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers	816,663	938,946	(122,283)	-13%
Transfers/(net)	(286,893)	(204,435)	(82,458)	40%
Increase in net position:	529,770	734,511	(204,741)	-28%
Net position - July 1, as adjusted	2,953,022	2,501,599	451,423	18%
Net position - June 30	\$ 3,482,792	\$ 3,236,110	\$ 246,682	8%

# Financial Analysis of the Entity's Special Revenue Funds

As noted earlier, the Board uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the Board's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Board's financing requirements and fee structure. In particular, unrestricted fund balances may serve as a useful measure of the Board's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

# Program Revenues and Expenditures

At the end of FY2018, the Board's special revenue funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,238,169. The committed portion of the ending fund balances is \$4,235,508 meaning it is available for spending at the Board's discretion.

The Operating Fund is the primary operating fund of the Board. At the end of FY2018, the total fund balance of the Operating Fund was \$537,362. Per Board Policy #1 – Trust Account, it is the policy of the Board to maintain funds equal to three months of the operating budget in the Operating Fund. Funds exceeding this amount are transferred to the Trust Account on at least a quarterly basis. During FY 2018 the Board transferred

\$24,435 from the Trust Account into the Operating Fund to support costs associated with the Board's implementation of a new licensing database system.

The total fund balance of the Board increased by \$136,336 during FY2018. Key factors affecting the change in fund balance are as follows:

- Revenues exceeded expenditures by \$410,900 in FY2018.
  - Revenues from licensing and examination fees decreased by \$251,810 (10 percent) from the previous year. This is largely attributable to the elimination of the Active Renewal Fee Delinquent status and its associated late fees. In FY2017, the Board had a higher than average number of licensees with this status and collected \$422,500 in late fees as compared to \$58,900 in FY 2018. There was also a decrease in application fee revenue related to an 8 percent decrease in the number of first time exam candidates applying to sit for the CPA exam.
- Total expenditures increased by \$504,013 (29 percent) over the previous year. There was an increase of \$452,263 (96%) in contractual services primarily related to system implementation expenses during FY 2018.





# Revenues, Expenditures, and Fund Balances Operating and Trust Account Funds Combined

# **Operating Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The Board adopts an annual operating budget for its Operating Fund. The Board's budget is prepared principally on a cash basis and represents appropriations as authorized by the General Assembly plus any pending budget execution transactions and amendments. The Board budgeted total expenditures of \$2,417,446 and total revenue of \$2,826,017, including \$209,675 in monetary penalties to be deposited into the state's Literary fund. During the year, revenues were less than budgetary estimates due to the elimination of the Active- Renewal Fee Delinquent status as part of the Board's statue change to a single renewal date. Prior to the statue change, an individual or firm holding a Virginia CPA license had an additional 12-month period following the license renewal date in which the licensee or firm could renew and pay a late fee. Actual expenditures were less than budgetary estimates for the year.

# Capital Assets

The Board's net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2018, totals \$554,322 (net of accumulated depreciation). This is an increase of \$455,021 from the prior year related to software construction in progress additions. The remaining portion of the capital asset amount consists of software costs for the Board's computerized licensing system, capitalized leasehold improvements and modular office furniture systems. Additional information on the Board's capital assets can be found in Note 6.

# Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The Board's major source of revenue is licensing and examination fees. The Board experienced a slight increase in the number of licensed individuals and licensed firms in the FY2018. Revenue from licensing and examination fees decreased in FY2018 by \$251,810 primarily related to the elimination of the Active – Renewal Fee Delinquent status and its associated late fees. The number of first time exam candidates applying to sit for the CPA exam also decreased (8%) in FY2018.

# CPA License Holders

	At June 30, 2018	At June 30, 2017
Individuals	27,903	27,711
Firms	1,177	1,167
Total	29,080	28,878

On-going expenditures continue to increase for the Board primarily in the areas of personal services, information technology, and legal services. The Board also anticipates continued costs through FY2019 related to the implementation of the new licensing database system. All of these factors were considered in preparing the Board's budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# VIRGINIA BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of June 30, 2018 With Comparative Figures for 2017

		Governme	ntal Acti	vities
		2018		2017
Assets:			4	
Cash held by the Treasurer of Virginia (Note 4)	\$	4,324,565	\$	4,208,252
Accounts receivable (Note 5)		38,317		18,489
Prepaid items (Note 1E)		2,661		2,651
Net other postemployment benefit (Note 13)		38,000		-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (Note 6)	-	554,322		99,301
Total Assets	—	4,957,865	—	4,328,693
Deferred Outflow of Resources:				
Deferred outflows related to pension (Note 10)		200,090		300,965
Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefit (Notes 11, 12, 13, and 14)		59,222	_	-
Total Deferred Outflows	-	259,312		300,965
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		14,121		33,016
Accrued salaries payable		74,936		76,054
Due to the State Literary Fund (Note 5)		38,317		18,489
Long-term liabilities due within one year				
Compensated absences payable (Note 7)		36,208		31,229
Other postemployment liability (Note 14)		4,651		-
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year				
Compensated absences payable (Note 7)		28,202		44,760
Net pension liability (Note 10)		1,068,000		1,159,000
Net other postemployment liability (Notes 11, 12, 13, and 14)		334,717		-
Total Liabilities		1,599,152	_	1,362,548
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
		77.000		21.000
Deferred inflows related to pension (Note 10)		77,000		31,000
Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefit (Notes 11, 12, 13, and 14)		58,233		
Total Deferred Inflows		135,233		31,000
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets (Note 6)		554,322		99,301
Restricted for net other postemploy ment benefit (Note 13)		38,000		-
Unrestricted		2,890,470		3,136,809
Total Net Position		3,482,792	\$	3,236,110

# VIRGINIA BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 With Comparative Figures for 2017

		Governme	ental Activities	
		2018		2017
		Program	Net (Expense)	Net (Expense)
		Revenues	Revenue and	Revenue and
		Charges for	Changes in	Changes in
	Expenses	Services	Net Position	Net Position
Functions/programs:				
Governmental activities				
Licensing, examination and enforcement functions	\$1,867,246	<u>\$2,407,171</u>	\$ 539,925	\$ 744,292
General revenues:				
Monetary penalties			276,738	194,654
Transfers:				
Transfers to the State General Fund			(10,155)	(9,781)
Transfers to the State Literary Fund			(276,738)	(194,654)
Total general revenues and transfers			(10,155)	(9,781)
Changes in net position			529,770	734,511
Net position - beginning of year			3,236,110	2,501,599
Restatement (Note 2)			(283,088)	-
Net position - beginning of year, adjusted	1		2,953,022	
Net position, June 30			\$ 3,482,792	\$ 3,236,110

# VIRGINIA BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of June 30, 2018 With Comparative Figures for 2017

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Operating	Trust	Тс	otal					
	Fund	Account	2018	2017					
Assets:									
Cash held by the Treasurer of Virginia (Note 4)	\$ 623,758	\$ 3,700,807	\$ 4,324,565	\$ 4,208,252					
Accounts receivable (Note 5)	38,317	-	38,317	18,489					
Prepaid items (Note 1E)	2,661	· · · ·	2,661	2,651					
Total assets	\$ 664,736	\$ 3,700,807	\$ 4,365,543	\$ 4,229,392					
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund ba	alance:								
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	14,121	-	14,121	33,016					
Accrued salaries payable	74,936	-	74,936	76,054					
Due to the State Literary Fund	25,988	-	25,988	17,933					
Total liabilities	115,045	. <u> </u>	115,045	127,003					
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Revenue not currently available	12,329		12,329	556					
Total deferred inflows of resources	12,329	-	12,329	556					
Fund balance:									
Nonspendable:									
Prepaid insurance/other	2,661	-	2,661	2,651					
Committed for:									
Board operations	534,701	3,700,807	4,235,508	4,099,182					
Total fund balance	537,362	3,700,807	4,238,169	4,101,833					
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and									
fund balance	\$ 664,736	\$ 3,700,807	\$ 4,365,543	\$ 4,229,392					

#### VIRGINIA BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY BALANCE SHEET, continued GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of June 30, 2018 With Comparative Figures for 2017

Special Revenue Funds				
	То	tal		
	2018	2017		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:				
Total fund balance (per page 10) Capital assets reported for governmental activities are not financial	\$ 4,238,169	\$ 4,101,833		
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. (Note 5)	554,322	99,301		
Restricted net other postemployment asset is not a financial resource and, therefore is not reported in the funds. (Note 13)	38,000	_		
	20,000			
Long-term liability for compensated absences, net pension	(28,202)	(44,760)		
liability, and net other postemployment liability are not due and	(36,208)	(31,229)		
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the	(1,068,000)	(1,159,000)		
funds. (Note 7, Note 10, and Notes 11, 12, 13, and 14)	(339,368)	-		
Deferred inflows and outflows related to pension activity are not required to be reported in the funds but are required to be reported at the government-wide level. (Note 10)				
Deferred outflow - Employer contributions made subsequent to measurement				
date	104,090	99,965		
Deferred outflow - Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	84,000	122,000		
Deferred outflow - Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	04,000	74,000		
	-	74,000		
pension plan investments	2 000	5 000		
Deferred outflow - Difference between expected and actual experience	2,000	5,000		
Deferred outflow - Change in assumptions	10,000	-		
Deferred inflow - Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments	(31,000)	(31,000)		
Deferred inflow - Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	(46,000)	-		
Deferred inflows and outflows related to other postemployment				
activity are not required to be reported in the funds but are				
required to be reported at the government-wide level. (Notes 11, 12, 13, and 14)				
Deferred outflow - Change in proportion	36,753	-		
Deferred outflow - Amounts associated with transactions subsequent to the measurement date	22,469	-		
Deferred inflow - Differences between actual and expected experience	(9,054)	-		
Deferred inflow - Change in assumptions Deferred inflow - Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	(44,179)	-		
plan investments	(5,000)			
Net position of governmental activities (page 8)	\$ 3,482,792	\$ 3,236,110		

# VIRGINIA BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 With Comparative Figures for 2017

with Comparative Figures for 2017	Special Revenue Funds				
	Operating	Trust	То	otal	
	Fund	Account	2018	2017	
Revenues:					
Licensing and examination fees	\$ 2,351,510	\$ -	\$ 2,351,510	\$ 2,603,320	
Interest income	7,134	47,640	54,774	35,450	
Monetary penalties	264,409	-	264,409	194,098	
Other revenues	887	-	887		
Total revenues	2,623,940	47,640	2,671,580	2,832,868	
Expenditures:					
Licensing, examination and enforcement functions:					
Personal services	1,173,054	-	1,173,054	1,120,127	
Contractual services	924,263	-	924,263	472,000	
Supplies and materials	11,900	-	11,900	15,920	
Transfer payments	848	-	848	1,273	
Continuous charges	140,447	-	140,447	135,318	
Equipment purchases	10,168	<u> </u>	10,168	12,029	
Total expenditures	2,260,680	_	2,260,680	1,756,667	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	363,260	47,640	410,900	1,076,201	
Other financing sources/(uses):					
Transfers to/from other funds (Note 8)	24,435	(24,435)	-	-	
Transfers to the State General Fund	(10,155)	-	(10,155)	(38,781)	
Transfers to the State Literary Fund	(264,409)	-	(264,409)	(194,098)	
Total other financing sources and uses	(250,129)	(24,435)	(274,564)	(232,879)	
Net change in fund balance	113,131	23,205	136,336	843,322	
Fund balance, July 1	424,231	3,677,602	4,101,833	3,258,511	
Fund balance, June 30	\$ 537,362	\$ 3,700,807	\$ 4,238,169	\$ 4,101,833	

### VIRGINIA BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, continued GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 With Comparative Figures for 2017

	Special Revenue Fund	
	То	tal
	2018	2017
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balance (page 12)	\$ 136,336	\$ 843,322
Governmental funds report revenue when they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal year. However, in the Statement of Activities revenues are recorded when earned. This is the amount of revenue not currently available that is not due to the State Literary Fund less prior year revenue not currently available that is not due to the State Literary Fund.		(1,089)
Governmental funds report equipment purchases as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount of equipment purchases less depreciation expense in the current period.	455,021	(42,633)
The expense associated with compensated absences reported in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	11,579	(25,549)
Deferred inflows and outflows related to pension activity are not required to be reported in the funds but are required to be reported at the government-wide level.		
Change in deferred outflow - Employer contributions made subsequent to measurement date. Change in deferred outflow - Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions	4,125	2,460
proportionate share of contributions	(38,000)	(20,000)
Change in deferred outflow - Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	(74,000)	74,000
Change in deferred outflow - Change in assumptions	10,000	-
Change in deferred outflow - Differences between expected and actual experience	(3,000)	(2,000)
Change in deferred inflow - Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	(46,000)	43,000
Change in net pension liability	91,000	(137,000)
Deferred inflows and outflows related to other postemployment activity are not required to be reported in the funds but are required to be reported at the government-wide level.		
Deferred outflow - Change in proportion	36,753	-
Deferred outflow - Amounts associated with transactions subsequent to the measurement date	(1,370)	-
Deferred inflow - Differences between actual and expected experience	(9,054)	-
Deferred inflow - Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	(5,000)	
Deferred inflow - Change in assumptions	(44,179)	-
Change in net other postemployment liability	5,559	
Changes in net position of governmental activities (page 9)	\$ 529,770	\$ 734,511

## VIRGINIA BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE PREPARED ON THE BUDGETARY (CASH BASIS) OF ACCOUNTING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

With Comparative Figures for 2017

			Operating Fund		2017
	2018				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Final Budget/ Actual Variance Positive/ (Negative)	Actual Amounts
Revenues:					
Licensing and examination fees	\$ 2,616,342	\$2,616,342	\$ 2,351,595	\$ (264,747)	\$2,604,132
Interest income	-	-	7,134	7,134	6,679
Monetary penalties	209,675	209,675	256,354	46,679	189,258
Other revenues	-	-	887	887	-
Total revenues	2,826,017	2,826,017	2,615,970	(210,047)	2,800,069
Expenditures:					
Licensing, examination and enforcement functions:					
Personal services	1,320,796	1,320,796	1,174,172	146,624	1,103,142
Contractual services	419,819	919,819	933,694	(13,875)	459,835
Supplies and materials	16,745	16,745	11,900	4,845	15,920
Transfer payments	1,300	1,300	848	452	1,273
Continuous charges	137,909	137,909	140,457	(2,548)	135,308
Equipment purchases	20,877	20,877	10,168	10,709	12,029
Total expenditures	1,917,446	2,417,446	2,271,239	146,207	1,727,507
Excess of revenues					
over expenditures	908,571	408,571	344,731	(63,840)	1,072,562
Other financing sources/(uses):					
Transfers from/(to) other funds (Note 7)	-	24,435	24,435	-	(840,930)
Transfers to the State General Fund	(10,155)	(10,155)	(10,155)	-	(38,781)
Transfers to the State Literary Fund	(219,947)	(219,947)	(256,354)	(36,407)	(189,258)
Total other financing sources and uses	(230,102)	(205,667)	(242,074)	(36,407)	(1,068,969)
Net change in fund balance	678,469	202,904	102,657	(100,247)	3,593
Fund balance, July 1	511,346	511,346	511,346		507,753
	\$ 1,189,815		\$ 614,003	\$ (100,247)	\$ 511,346

#### VIRGINIA BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, continued PREPARED ON THE BUDGETARY (CASH BASIS) OF ACCOUNTING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 With Comparative Figures for 2017

This statement presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget prepared on the cash basis of accounting with actual data prepared on the cash basis. Actual amounts reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting are different because:

	Operating Fund		
	2018	2017	
	Actual	Actual	
	Amounts	Amounts	
Net change in fund balance (page 14)	\$ 102,657	\$ 3,593	
Accrued revenues on modified accrual basis	7,970	4,028	
Accrued expenditures on modified accrual basis	10,559	(29,160)	
Accrued transfers on modified accrual basis	(8,055)	(4,840)	
Change in fund balance on modified accrual basis (page 12)	<u>\$ 113,131</u>	<u>\$ (26,379)</u>	

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### THE VIRGINIA BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### JUNE 30, 2018

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Board regulates the practice of accounting in Virginia, protecting and serving the citizens of the Commonwealth by administering the laws and regulations for their financial health, safety, and welfare. The Board's major activities include reviewing and approving applications to ensure applicants are competent to enter the public accounting profession; determining continued qualifications for licensure; conducting audits of continuing professional education; and adjudicating enforcement cases and disciplining those who do not follow acceptable, ethical, or professional standards.

A separate report is prepared for the Commonwealth, which includes all agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities over which the Commonwealth exercises or has the ability to exercise oversight authority. The Board is an agency of the Commonwealth and is included in the Commonwealth's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

#### B. <u>Fund Accounting</u>

The activities of the Board are accounted for in its special revenue funds. Special revenue funds account for transactions related to resources received and used for committed or specific purposes.

The Board has two special revenue funds. The Operating Fund is the Board's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Board, except those resources held in the Trust Account. The Trust Account is to be used for the study, research, investigation, and adjudication of matters involving possible violations of statutes or regulations relating to the profession of public accounting, or for any other purpose the Board determines is relevant to its statutory purposes and cannot otherwise be funded through its Operating Fund. Both funds are considered major funds of the Board.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

*Entity-Wide Financial Statements* – The entity-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the Board's financial activities. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues consist of charges to exam applicants and regulants. Other revenues not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The entity-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

*Governmental Fund Financial Statements* – The financial statements also include separate fund financial statements. The Operating Fund and Trust Account are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Board considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

#### D. Fund Balance

With the implementation of GASB No. 54, the fund balance classifications are reported as Non-spendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. The Non-spendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or b) legally required to be maintained intact such as the corpus of a permanent fund. The Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority through enabling legislation. The highest level of decision authority for the Commonwealth is the General Assembly and the Governor.

#### E. <u>Prepaid Items</u>

Prepaid assets for rent, insurance, and similar items are recognized when purchased and expensed when used.

#### F. <u>Summarized Comparative Data</u>

The basic financial statements include certain prior-year summarized comparative information in total but not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the Board's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017, from which the summarized information was derived. The summarized comparative information presented does not include the necessary adjustments related to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75. Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB). The information needed to make these adjustments is not available for prior years.

#### G. Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are defined as the consumption of net assets applicable to a future reporting period. The deferred outflows of resources have a positive effect on net position similar to assets.

Deferred inflows of resources are defined as the acquisition of net assets applicable to a future reporting period. The deferred inflows of resources have a negative effect on net position similar to liabilities.

#### H. <u>Pensions</u>

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) State Employee Retirement Plan is a single employer pension plan that is treated like cost-sharing plan. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) State Employee Retirement Plan; and the additions to/deductions from the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments held by VRS are reported at fair value.

#### I. State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program (OPEB)

The VRS State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program is a single employer plan that is presented as a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan. The State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired state employees. For purposes of measuring the net State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB, and the State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program; and the additions to/deductions from the VRS State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### J. <u>Group Life Insurance Program (OPEB)</u>

The VRS Group Life Insurance Program is a multiple employer, cost- sharing plan. It provides coverage to state employees, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions. The Group Life Insurance Program was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The Group Life Insurance Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a basic group life insurance benefit for employees of participating employers. For purposes of measuring the net Group Life Insurance Program OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB, and Group Life Insurance Program OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Virginia Retirement System

(VRS) Group Life Insurance program OPEB and the additions to/deductions from the VRS Group Life Insurance Program OPEB's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### K. <u>Disability Insurance Program (OPEB)</u>

The VRS Disability Insurance Program (Virginia Sickness and Disability Program) is a single employer plan that is presented as a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan. The Disability Insurance Program was established pursuant to §51.1-1100 et seq. of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The Disability Insurance Program is a managed care program that provides sick, family and personal leave and short-term and long-term disability benefits for state employees. For purposes of measuring the net Disability Insurance Program OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Disability Insurance Program OPEB, and Disability Insurance Program OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Disability Insurance Program OPEB Plan and the additions to/deductions from the VRS Disability Insurance Program OPEB Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### L. <u>Pre-Medicare Retiree Healthcare (OPEB)</u>

The Commonwealth of Virginia State Health Plans Program for Pre-Medicare Retirees (Pre-Medicare Retiree Healthcare Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that is treated like a cost sharing plan for financial reporting purposes, and is administered by the Department of Human Resource Management. The Pre-Medicare Retiree Healthcare Plan was established by Title 2.2, Chapter 28 of the Code of Virginia for retirees who are not yet eligible to participate in Medicare. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. There are no assets accumulated in a trust to pay benefits.

# 2. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

The Board implemented GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The implementation of the statement required the Board to record beginning net OPEB liabilities and the effects on net position of contributions made by the Board. The Board could not practically determine the period-specific details of the change on all prior periods presented; therefore, the cumulative effect of the change was applied to the beginning balances of the current year as follows:

	(As Previously Reported) June 30, 2017		Re	statement	`	s Restated) ne 30, 2017
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	-	\$	23,839	\$	23,839
Liabilities						
Other postemployment benefit liability		-		(306,927)		(306,927)
Net Position						
Net investment in capital asset		99,301		-		99,301
Unrestricted	3.	,136,809		(283,088)		2,853,721
Total Net Position	\$ 3	,236,110	\$	(283,088)	\$	2,953,022

#### 3. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The Board adopts an annual operating budget for its Operating Fund. The Board's budget is prepared principally on a cash basis and represents appropriations as authorized by the General Assembly. Unexpended appropriations at the end of the fiscal year generally lapse. However, they may be reappropriated for expenditure in the following fiscal year. The Governor, as required by the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, submits a budget composed of all proposed expenditures for the state, and of estimated revenues and borrowing for a biennium, to the General Assembly.

The budget is prepared on a biennial basis; however, the budget contains separate appropriations for each year within the biennial budget, as approved by the General Assembly, and signed into law by the Governor. For management control purposes, the budget is controlled at the program level.

Appropriations of special revenue funds may allow expenditures in excess of the original appropriations to the extent that revenues of the funds exceed original budget estimates and such additional expenditures are approved by the Governor through supplemental appropriations.

# 4. CASH WITH THE TREASURER OF VIRGINIA

All state funds of the Board are held by the Treasurer of Virginia, pursuant to Section 2.2-1800, <u>Code of Virginia</u>, who is responsible for the collection, disbursement, custody, and investment of state funds. Each fund's equity in pooled state funds is reported as "Cash Held by the Treasurer of Virginia" and is not categorized as to credit risk.

#### 5. RECEIVABLES AND DUE TO THE STATE LITERARY FUND

The Board levies and collects penalties and administrative fees from regulants and non-regulants found guilty of violating the Board's statutes or regulations. The proceeds from penalties are deposited into the state's Literary Fund in accordance with Section 19.2-353, <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The proceeds from administrative fees are deposited into the Board's Operating Fund. Consequently, receivables are partially offset by a corresponding amount Due to the State Literary Fund and are not available to meet the Board's current operating needs. At June 30, 2018, the amount Due to the State Literary Fund for collections on monetary penalties was \$38,317.

	<u>June 30, 2018</u>
Gross receivables	\$ 92,025
Less: allowance for doubtful	(53,708)
Net Receivables	\$ 38,317

### 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following presents capital activity for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	Ba	alance at					Ba	lance at
	Jun	ie 30, 2017	Α	dditions	Redu	ctions	Jun	e 30, 2018
Nondepreciable capital assets:								
Construction-in-Progress	\$	-	\$	496,073	\$	-		496,073
Total nondepreciable assets	_	-	_	496,073				496,073
Depreciable capital assets:								
Software		183,388		-		-		183,388
Tenant improvements		101,534		-		-		101,534
Equipment		72,260		-		-		72,260
Total depreciable assets		357,182		-		-		357,182
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Software		(154,351)		(18,339)		-		(172,690)
Tenant improvements		(79,058)		(15,487)		-		(94,545)
Equipment		(24,472)		(7,226)		-		(31,698)
Total accumulated depreciation		(257,881)		(41,052)		-		(298,933)
Depreciable capital assets, net		99,301		(41,052)		-		58,249
Total capital assets, net	\$	99,301	\$	455,021	\$	-	\$	554,322

The Board capitalizes all software and equipment with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. This includes capitalizing personal service costs and vendor payments associated with developing its licensing software for internal use.

Capital assets are reported at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation of software and equipment costs is expensed on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful life of ten years. Depreciation of tenant improvement costs is expensed on a straight-line basis over the ten year life of the lease agreement.

# 7. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences reflected in the Statement of Net Position represent the amounts of vacation, sick, and compensatory leave earned by the Board's employees but not taken at June 30, 2018. The amount reflects all earned vacation, sick, and compensatory leave payable under the Commonwealth's leave payout policies. Information on the Commonwealth's leave payout policies is available at the statewide level in the Commonwealth's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

		Balance at
Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2018
\$53,566	(\$65,145)	\$64,410
Ι	Due within one year	(36,208)
Due in	more than one year	\$28,202
	\$53,566 I	

## 8. TRANSFERS TO AND FROM THE TRUST ACCOUNT

In accordance with § 54.1-4405.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, a special nonreverting fund known as the Board of Accountancy Trust Account (the Trust Account) was created. The purpose of the Trust Account is to provide a supplemental source of funds to the Board on a timely basis for its use in the study, research, investigation or adjudication of matters involving possible violations of the statutes or regulations pertaining to the profession of public accounting or for any other purpose that the Board determines is germane to its statutory purposes and cannot otherwise be funded through the Operating Fund. During FY 2018 the Board transferred a total of \$24,435 from the Trust Account.

# 9. COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2018, the Board had contractual commitments of approximately \$550,000 related to the information systems project. These remaining commitments represent the unperformed portion of the contracts and, as such, have not been accrued as expenses or liabilities on the Board's financial statements.

On August 2, 2007, the Board moved its offices to the Perimeter Center Building at 9960 Mayland Drive, Henrico, VA 23233. The move brought the Board together with five other state agencies to facilitate the use of shared space and services. On August 29, 2007, the Board entered into a tenyear operating lease for the new space. The Perimeter Center Building was sold to a new owner in May of 2014. Effective April 1, 2015, the term of the lease was extended to January 31, 2025 which included a rent reduction and improvements which included an office space expansion for the Board in FY 2015. The rent reduction and increased costs related to the expansion are included in the future obligations listed below.

The Board has, as of June 30, 2018, the following future obligations due under the Perimeter Center Building lease agreement:

Year Ending June 30,	 Amount	
2019	\$ 93,416	
2020	95,918	
2021	98,488	
2022	101,128	
2023	103,842	
2024	106,630	
2025	 63,445	(Lease expires on 1/31/2025)
	\$ 662,867	

#### 10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

#### **Plan Description**

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of state agencies are automatically covered by the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees in the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan – Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out below:

<b>RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE</b>						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.	<b>About Plan 2</b> Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation				

<b>RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE</b>							
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN					
		formula.  The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.  In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.					

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE			
		HYBRID	
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	<b>RETIREMENT PLAN</b>	
<b>Eligible Members</b> Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013, and they have not taken a refund.	<b>Eligible Members</b> Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	<ul> <li>Eligible Members</li> <li>Employees are in the Hybrid</li> <li>Retirement Plan if their</li> <li>membership date is on or after</li> <li>January 1, 2014. This includes:</li> <li>State employees*</li> <li>Members in Plan 1 or</li> <li>Plan 2 who elected to</li> <li>opt into the plan during</li> <li>the election window</li> <li>held January 1-April 30,</li> <li>2014; the plan's</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Hybrid Opt-In Election</li> <li>VRS non-hazardous duty</li> <li>covered Plan 1 members</li> <li>were</li> <li>allowed to make an irrevocable</li> <li>decision to opt into the Hybrid</li> <li>Retirement Plan during a</li> <li>special election window held</li> <li>January 1 through April 30, 2014.</li> <li>The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was</li> <li>July 1, 2014.</li> <li>If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.</li> <li>Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Hybrid Opt-In Election</li> <li>Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.</li> <li>The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.</li> <li>If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.</li> <li>Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.</li> </ul>	effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014 *Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: • Members of the Virginia Law Officers' Retirement System (VaLORS) Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.	
<b>RETIREMENT P</b>	LAN PROVISIONS BY F	PLAN STRUCTURE	
--------------------------------	----------------------------	-----------------------------------	
		HYBRID	
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	<b>RETIREMENT PLAN</b>	
Retirement Contributions	Retirement	Retirement Contributions	
State employees, excluding	Contributions	A member's retirement benefit	
state elected officials, and	State employees contribute	is funded through mandatory	
optional retirement plan	5% of their compensation	and voluntary contributions	
participants, contribute 5% of	each month to their	made by the member and the	
their compensation each	member contribution	employer to both the defined	
month to their member	account through a pre-tax	benefit and the defined	
contribution account through	salary reduction.	contribution components of	
a pre-tax salary reduction.		the plan. Mandatory	
Member contributions are		contributions are based on a	
tax-deferred until they are		percentage of the employee's	
withdrawn as part of a		creditable compensation and	
retirement benefit or as a		are required from both the	
refund. The employer makes		member and the employer.	
a separate actuarially		Additionally, members may	
determined contribution to		choose to make voluntary	
VRS for all covered		contributions to the defined	
employees. VRS invests both		contribution component of the	
member and employer		plan, and the employer is	
contributions to provide		required to match those	
funding for the future benefit		voluntary contributions	
payment.		according to specified	
		percentages.	
Creditable Service	Creditable Service	Creditable Service	
Creditable service includes	Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component:	
active service. Members		Under the defined benefit	
earn creditable service for		component of the plan,	
each month they are		creditable service includes	
employed in a covered		active service. Members earn	
position. It also may include		creditable service for each	
credit for prior service the		month they are employed in a	
member has purchased or		covered position. It also may	
additional creditable service		include credit for prior service	
the		the member has purchased or	
member was granted. A		additional creditable service	
member's total creditable		the member was granted. A	
service is one of the factors		member's total creditable	
used to determine their		service is one of the factors	
eligibility for retirement and		used to determine their	
to calculate their retirement		eligibility for retirement and to	
benefit. It also may count		calculate their retirement	
toward eligibility for the		benefit. It also may count	

RETIREMENT PI	AN PROVISIONS BY F	PLAN STRUCTURE
		HYBRID
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	<b>RETIREMENT PLAN</b>
health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.		toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. Defined Contributions <u>Component:</u> Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.
Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.
		Defined Contributions Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the

<b>RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE</b>		
		HYBRID
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	<b>RETIREMENT PLAN</b>
		employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make. Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.
<b>Calculating the Benefit</b> The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final	<b>Calculating the Benefit</b> See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> See definition under Plan 1

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE			
		HYBRID	
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN	
compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement. An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.		Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.	
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.	
Service Retirement Multiplier The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non- hazardous duty members is 1.70%.	Service Retirement Multiplier Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non- hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.	Service Retirement Multiplier <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.	
		Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.	

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.	Normal Retirement Age Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
<b>Earliest Unreduced</b> <b>Retirement Eligibility</b> Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.	<b>Earliest Unreduced</b> <b>Retirement Eligibility</b> Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility <u>Defined Benefit Component</u> Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.
		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
<b>Earliest Reduced</b> <b>Retirement Eligibility</b> Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of	<b>Earliest Reduced</b> <b>Retirement Eligibility</b> Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.
creditable service.		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN
Cost-of-Living	Cost-of-Living Adjustment	Cost-of-Living Adjustment
Adjustment (COLA) in	(COLA) in Retirement	(COLA) in Retirement
Retirement	The Cost-of-Living Adjustment	Defined Benefit Component:
The Cost-of-Living Adjustment	(COLA) matches the first 2%	Same as Plan 2.
(COLA) matches the first 3%	increase in the CPI-U and half	
increase in the Consumer	of any additional increase (up	Defined Contribution
Price Index for all Urban	to 2%), for a maximum COLA	Component:
Consumers (CPI-U) and half	of 3%.	Not applicable.
of any additional increase		
(up to 4%) up to a maximum		
COLA of 5%.		<u>Eligibility:</u>
	Eligibility:	Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.
<u>Eligibility:</u>	Same as Plan 1	
For members who retire with		
an unreduced benefit or with a		
reduced benefit with at least		
20 years of creditable service,		
the COLA will go into effect on		
July 1 after one full calendar		
year from the retirement date.		
For members who retire with		
a reduced benefit and who		
have less than 20 years of		
creditable service, the COLA		
will go into effect on July 1		
after one calendar year		
following the unreduced		
etirement eligibility date.		Exceptions to COLA Effective
	Exceptions to COLA	Dates:
Exceptions to COLA Effective	Effective Dates:	Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.
Dates:	Same as Plan 1	
The COLA is effective July 1		
following one full calendar		
year (January 1 to December		
31) under any of the following		
circumstances:		
<ul> <li>The member is within five</li> </ul>		
years of qualifying for		
an unreduced		
retirement		

	AN PROVISIONS BY P	
		HYBRID
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN
benefit as of January 1,		
2013.		
• The member retires		
on disability.		
• The member retires		
directly from short-term		
or long- term disability		
under the Virginia		
Sickness and Disability		
Program (VSDP). • The member Is		
involuntarily separated		
from employment for		
causes other than job		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
performance or		
misconduct and is eligible		
to retire under the		
Workforce Transition Act		
or the Transitional		
<ul><li>Benefits Program.</li><li>The member dies in service</li></ul>		
and the member's		
survivor or beneficiary is		
eligible for a monthly		
death-in-service benefit.		
The COLA will go into		
effect on July 1 following		
one full calendar year		
(January 1 to December		
31) from the date		
the monthly benefit		
begins.		
,		
Disability Coverage	Disability Coverage	Disability Coverage
Members who are eligible to	Members who are eligible to	State employees (including Plan
be considered for disability	be considered for disability	1 and Plan 2 opt-ins)
retirement and retire on	retirement and retire on	participating in the Hybrid
disability, the retirement	disability, the retirement	Retirement Plan are covered
multiplier is 1.7% on all service,	multiplier is 1.65% on all	under the Virginia Sickness and
regardless of when it was	service, regardless of when it	Disability Program (VSDP), and
earned, purchased or granted.	was earned, purchased or	are not eligible for disability
	granted.	retirement.
Most state employees are	-	

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE				
		HYBRID		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	<b>RETIREMENT PLAN</b>		
covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.	Most state employees are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.	Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VSDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work- related disability benefits.		
VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non- work-related disability benefits.	VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.			
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	<ul> <li>Purchase of Prior Service Defined Benefit Component:</li> <li>Same as Plan 1, with the following exception:</li> <li>Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.</li> <li>Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.</li> </ul>		

# **Contributions**

The contributions requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to state agencies by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, the 5.00% member contribution was paid by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, state employees were required to pay the 5.00% member contribution and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. The Board's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018, was 13.49% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. The contribution rate for the VRS

State Employee Retirement Plan also reflects the transfer in June 2016 of \$162,406,273 as an accelerated payback of the deferred contribution in the 2010-12 biennium. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the Board to the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan were \$104,090 and \$99,965 for the years ended June 30, 2018, and June 30, 2017, respectively.

## <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2018, the Board reported a liability of \$1,068,000 for its proportionate share of the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Board's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the Board's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2017, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the Board's proportion of the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan was 0.01833% as compared to 0.01759% at June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Board recognized pension expense of \$158,000 for the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan. Since there was a change in proportionate share between June 30, 2016, and June 30, 2017, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2018, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,000	\$	31,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Change in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between Employer	10,000		46,000
contributions and proportionate share of contributions Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement	84,000		-
date	104,090	¢	-
Total	\$ 200,090	\$	77,000

\$104,090 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2019	\$ 9,000
2020	\$ 29,000
2021	\$ 11,000
2022	\$ (30,000)
2023	\$ -

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability for the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.35%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expenses, Including inflation*

\* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

#### **Mortality rates:**

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Health Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set back 1 year, 85% of rates; females set back 1 year.

## Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB; males set forward 1 year; females set back 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increase rate from 14% to 25%

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2017, NPL amounts for the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 23,617,412 17,789,888
Employers' Net Pension Liability	\$ 5,827,524
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	75.33%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted Ave
		Arithmetic	rage Long-
		Long-Term	Term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%	-	4.80%
	Inflation		2.50%
* Expected a	rithmetic nominal return		7.30%

\* The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by the Board for the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2019 on, all agencies are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the Long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## <u>Sensitivity of the State Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in</u> <u>the Discount Rate</u>

The following represents the Board's proportionate share of the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the state Board's proportionate share of the net position liability would be if it were calculated using a stated discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Current	
		Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
Board's proportionate share of the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan net pension liability	\$1,578,000	\$1,068,000	\$640,000

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2017 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2017-annual-report.pdf</u>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

### 11. STATE EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM (OPEB)

### **Plan Description**

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of state agencies are automatically covered by the VRS State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information about the State Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is set out in the table below:

# STATE EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM (HIC) PLAN PROVISIONS

### Eligible Employees

The State Employee Retiree Health Insurance Credit Program was established January 1, 1990 for retired state employees covered under VRS, SPORS, ValORS and JRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit.

Eligible employees are enrolled automatically upon employment. They include:

• Full-time and part-time permanent salaried state employees covered under VRS, SPORS, VaLORS and JRS.

## **Benefit Amounts**

The State Employee Retiree Health Insurance Credit Program provides the following benefits for eligible employees:

- <u>At Retirement</u> For State employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount.
- <u>Disability Retirement</u> For State employees, other than state police officers, who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), the monthly benefit is \$120.00 or \$4.00 per year of service, whichever is higher.

## Health Insurance Credit Program Notes:

- The monthly Health Insurance Credit benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount.
- Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VSDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the health insurance credit as a retiree.

## **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-1400(D) of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies by the Virginia General Assembly. The Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018 was 1.18% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the Board to the VRS State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program were \$9,103 and \$8,744 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively.

## **State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Liabilities, State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB**

At June 30, 2018, the Board reported a liability of \$104,000 for its proportionate share of the VRS State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2017

and the total VRS State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Board's proportion of the Net VRS State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Liability was based on the Board's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2017 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the Board's proportion of the VRS State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program 0.01139% as compared to 0.01106% at June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Board recognized VRS State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB expense of \$12,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2017 a portion of the VRS State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2018, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
State HIC OPEB plan investments		-		-
Changes in assumptions		-		1,000
Changes in proportionate share				-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		9,103		-
Total	\$	9,103	\$	1,000

\$9,103 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the State Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net State Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the State Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the State Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year end	ed June 30:	
	2019	\$ 1,000
	2020	\$ -
	2021	\$ -
	2022	\$ -
	2023	\$ -
	Thereafter	\$ -

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total State Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

2.5 percent
3.5 percent – 5.35 percent
7.0 percent, net of plan investment expenses, including inflation*

\* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of the OPEB liabilities.

### Mortality rates – General State Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set back 1 year, 85% of rates; females set back 1 year.

## Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females set back 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85.

### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 25%

#### **Mortality rates – SPORS Employees**

**Pre-Retirement:** 

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

## Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future improvement in accordance with experience
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 85%

#### **Mortality rates – VaLORS Employees**

### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future improvement in accordance with experience
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older
	ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year
	age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 50% to 35%

## **Mortality rates – JRS Employees**

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set back 1 year, 85% of rates; females set back 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females set back 1 year with 1.5% compounding increase from ages 70 to 85.

## Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Decreased rates at first retirement eligibility
Withdrawal Rates	No change
Disability Rates	Removed disability rates
Salary Scale	No change

## Net State Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2017, NOL amounts for the VRS State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

## State Employee HIC OPEB Plan

Total State Employee HIC OPEB Liability	\$	990,028
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	_	79,516
State Employee net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	<u>\$</u>	910,512
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total State Employee HIC OPEB Liability		8.03%

The total State Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net State Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on VRS System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy	Target ) Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Ave rage Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	40.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%		4.80%
	Inflation		2.50%
* Expect	ed arithmetic nominal return		7.30%

\* The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total State Employee HIC OPEB was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by the Board for the VRS State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2019 on, all agencies are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the State Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total State Employee HIC OPEB liability.

## <u>Sensitivity of the Board's Proportionate Share of the State Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability</u> to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the VRS State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Board's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Current Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
Board's proportionate share of the VRS State Employee HIC OPEB Plan Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$115,000	\$104,000	\$94,000

#### State Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2017 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2017-annual-report.pdf</u>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

#### 12. GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM (OPEB)

### **Plan Description**

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Group Life Insurance Program upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OBEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic Group Life Insurance benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional Group Life Insurance Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB.

The specific information for Group Life Insurance Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is set out in the table below:

# GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM PLAN PROVISIONS

## **Eligible Employees**

The Group Life Insurance Program was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers and employees of political subdivisions that elect the program, including the following employers that do not participate in VRS for retirement:

- City of Richmond
- City of Portsmouth
- City of Roanoke
- City of Norfolk
- Roanoke City Schools Board

Basic group life insurance coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage end for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their member contributions and accrued interest.

## **Benefit Amounts**

The benefits payable under the Group Life Insurance Program have several components.

- •<u>Natural Death Benefit</u> The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled.
- •Accidental Death Benefit The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit.
- •<u>Other Benefit Provisions</u> In addition to the basic natural and accidental death benefits, the program provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances. These include:
  - Accidental dismemberment benefit
  - Safety belt benefit
  - Repatriation benefit
  - Felonious assault benefit
  - Accelerated death benefit option

# **Reduction in benefit Amounts**

The benefit amounts provided to members covered under the Group Life Insurance Program are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value.

# Minimum Benefit Amount and Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)

For covered members with at least 30 years of creditable service, there is a minimum benefit payable under the Group Life Insurance Program. The minimum benefit was set at \$8,000 by statute. This amount is increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment and is currently \$8,111.

### **Contributions**

The contribution requirements for the Group Life Insurance Program are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the Group Life Insurance Program was 1.31% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.79% (1.31% X 60%) and the employer component was 0.52% (1.31% X 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution, however the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018 was 0.52% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program from the Board were \$4,043 and \$3,833 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively.

## **GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB**

At June 30, 2018, the Board reported a liability of \$60,000 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program for the year ended June 30, 2017 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the Board's proportion was 0.00399% as compared 0.00387% at June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Board recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$3,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2018, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

	 d Outflows esources	 red Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 2,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
State GLI OPEB program investments	-	2,000
Changes in assumptions	-	3,000
Changes in proportion		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement	4,043	-
date		
Total	\$ 4,043	\$ 7,000

\$4,043 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended	<u>June 30:</u>	
	2019	\$ (1,000)
	2020	\$ (1,000)
	2021	\$ (1,000)
	2022	\$ (1,000)
	2023	\$ (1,000)
	Thereafter	\$ (2,000)

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases, including inflation –	
General state employees	3.5  percent - 5.35  percent
Teachers	3.5 percent – $5.95$ percent
SPORS employees	3.5 percent – $4.75$ percent
VaLORS employees	3.5 percent – $4.75$ percent
JRS employees	4.5 percent
Locality – General employees	3.5 percent – $5.35$ percent
Locality – Hazardous Duty employees	3.5  percent - 4.75  percent

Investment rate of return

7.0 Percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation\*

\* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of the OPEB liabilities.

#### **Mortality rates – General State Employees**

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set back 1 year, 85% of rates; females set back 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females set back 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 25%

## **Mortality rates – Teachers**

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Health Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

### **Mortality rates – SPORS Employees**

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future improvement in accordance with experience
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older
	ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience

Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 85%

#### Mortality rates - VaLORS Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future improvement in accordance with experience
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 50% to 35%

# **Mortality rates – JRS Employees**

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set back 1 year, 85% of rates; females set back 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females set back 1 year with 1.5% compounding increase from ages 70 to 85.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Decreased rates at first retirement eligibility
Withdrawal Rates	No change
Disability Rates	Removed disability rates
Salary Scale	No change

## Mortality rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

## Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

### Mortality rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-
healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
	r grinn r
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and
	extended final retirement age from 70 to 75.
	extended infairethement age from 70 to 75.
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience
	at each age and service year
	at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14 to 15%

# Mortality rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Increased disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

# Mortality rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

# Net GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Group Life Insurance Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2017, NOL amounts for the Group Life Insurance Program is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

## Group Life Insurance OPEB Plan Program

Total GLI OPEB Liability

Plan Fiduciary Net Position	<u>1,437,586</u>
Employer's Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	<u>\$ 1,504,840</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability	48.86%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log- normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Ave rage Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%	-	4.80%
	Inflation		2.50%
* Expected arith	metic nominal return	-	7.30%

\* The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic

conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2019 on, employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

## <u>Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes</u> <u>in the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Current Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
Board's proportionate share of the Group Life			
Insurance Program Net OPEB Liability	\$78,000	\$60,000	\$46,000

### Group Life Insurance Program Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Group Life Insurance Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2017 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications</u> /2017-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

# 13. VRS DISBABILITY INSRANCE PROGRAM (OPEB)

## Plan Description

All full-time and part-time permanent salaried state employees who are covered under the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), the State Police Officers' Retirement System (SPORS), or the Virginia Law Officers' Retirement System (VaLORS) hired on or after January 1, 1999 are automatically covered by the Disability Insurance Program (VSDP) upon employment. The Disability Insurance Program also covers state employees hired before January 1, 1999 who elected to transfer to VSDP rather than retain their eligibility to be considered for disability retirement. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OBEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

The specific information for Disability Insurance Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is set out in the table below:

# DISABILITY INSURANCE PROGRAM (VSDP) PLAN PROVISIONS

## **Eligible Employees**

The Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), also known as the Disability Insurance Trust Fund was established January 1, 1999 to provide short-term and long-term disability benefits for non-work-related and work-related disabilities.

Eligible employees are enrolled automatically upon employment. They include:

- Full-time and part-time permanent salaried state employees covered under VRS, SPORS and ValORS (members new to VaLORS following its creation on October 1, 1999, have been enrolled since the inception of VSDP).
- State employees hired before January 1, 1999, who elected to transfer to VSDP rather than retain their eligibility to be considered for VRS disability retirement.
- Public college and university faculty members who elect the VRS defined benefit plan. They may participate in VSDP or their institution's disability program, if offered. If the institution does not offer the program or the faculty member does not make an election, he or she is enrolled in VSDP.

## **Benefit Amounts**

The Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP) provides the following benefits for eligible employees:

- <u>Leave</u> Sick, family and personal leave. Eligible leave benefits are paid by the employer.
- <u>Short-Term Disability</u> The program provides a short-term disability benefit beginning after a seven-calendar-day waiting period from the first day of disability. The benefit provides income replacement beginning at 100% of the employee's predisability income, reducing to 80% and then 60% based on the period of the disability and the length of service of the employee. Short-term disability benefits are paid by the employer.
- <u>Long-Term Disability</u> The program provides a long-term disability benefit beginning

	after 125 workdays of short-term disability and continuing until the employee reaches his or her normal retirement age. The benefit provides income replacement of 60% of the employee's pre-disability income. If an employee becomes disabled within five years of his or her normal retirement age, the employee will receive up to five years of VSDP benefits, provided he or she remains medically eligible. Long-term disability benefits are paid for by the Virginia Disability Insurance Program (VSDP) OPEB Plan.
•	<b>Income Replacement Adjustment</b> – The program provides for an income replacement adjustment to 80% for catastrophic conditions.
•	<u>VSDP Long-Term Care Plan</u> – The program also includes a self-funded long-term care plan that assists with the cost of covered long-term care services.
Disabi	lity Insurance Program (VSDP) Plan Notes:
•	Employees hired or rehired on or after July 1, 2009, must satisfy eligibility periods before becoming eligible for non-work-related short-term disability benefits and certain income-replacement levels. A state employee who is approved for VSDP benefits on or after the date that is five
	years prior to his or her normal retirement date is eligible for up five years of VSDP benefits. Employees on work-related short-term disability receiving only a workers' compensation payment may be eligible to purchase service credit for this period if retirement contributions are not being withheld from the workers' compensation payment. The rate will be based on 5.00% of the employee's compensation.
Cost-o	f-Living Adjustment (COLA)
•	<ul> <li>During periods an employee receives long-term disability benefits, the LTD benefit may be increased annually by an amount recommended by the actuary and approved by the Board.</li> <li>Plan 1 employees vested as of 1/1/2013 – 100% of the VRS Plan 1 COLA (The first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%).</li> <li>Plan 1 employee non-vested as of 1/1/2013, Plan 2 and Hybrid Plan employees</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>- 100% of the VRS Plan 2 and Hybrid COLA (The first 2% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 2%) up to a maximum COLA of 3%).</li> <li>For participating full-time employees taking service retirement, the creditable</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>compensation may be increased annually by an amount recommended by the actuary and approved by the Board, from the date of the commencement of the disability to the date of retirement.</li> <li>0 100% of the increase in the pay over the previous plan year for continuing VSDP members in the State, SPORS and VaLORS Plans, with a maximum COLA of 4.00%</li> </ul>
•	<ul> <li>For participating full-time employees receiving supplemental (work-related) disability benefits, the creditable compensation may be increased annually by an amount recommended by the actuary and approved by the Board, from the date of the commencement of the disability to the date of retirement</li> <li>100% of the increase in the pay over the previous plan year for continuing VSDP members in the State, SPORS and VaLORS Plans, with a maximum COLA of 4.00%.</li> </ul>

### **Contributions**

The contribution requirements for the Disability Insurance Program (VSDP) are governed by §51.1-1140 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies by the Virginia General Assembly. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the Disability Insurance Program (VSDP) for the year ended June 30, 2018 was 0.66% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an adjustment to amortize the accrued OPEB assets. Contributions to the Disability Insurance Program (VSDP) from the Board were \$4,672 and \$4,580 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively.

### **Disability Insurance Program (VSDP) OPEB Liabilities (Assets), VSDP OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the VSDP OPEB**

At June 30, 2018, the Board reported a liability (asset) of (\$38,000) for its proportionate share of the Net VSDP OPEB Liability (Asset). The Net VSDP OPEB Liability (Asset) was measured as of June 30, 2017 and the total VSDP OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VSDP OPEB Liability (Asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Board's proportion of the Net VSDP OPEB Liability (Asset) was based on the Board's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VSDP OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2017 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the Board's proportion was 0.01829% as compared to 0.01883% at June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Board recognized VSDP OPEB expense of \$4,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the VSDP OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2018, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VSDP OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows Deferred Inf of Resources of Resource			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
VSDP OPEB program investments		-		3,000
Changes in assumptions		-		3,000
Changes in proportion				-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2	4,672		-
Total	\$	4,672	\$	6,000

\$4,672 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the VSDP OPEB resulting from the Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an adjustment of the Net VSDP OPEB Liability (Asset) in the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VSDP OPEB will be recognized in VSDP OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2019	\$ (1,000)
2020	\$ (1,000)
2021	\$ (1,000)
2022	\$ (1,000)
2023	\$ (2,000)
Thereafter	\$ 0

### Actuarial Assumptions

The total VSDP OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

Inflation		2.5 percent
Salary increases, in Inflation –	ncluding General state employees	3.5 percent – 5.35 percent
	SPORS employees VaLORS employees	3.5 percent – 4.75 3.5 percent – 4.75 percent
Investment rate of r	eturn	7.0 Percent, net of OPEB plan investment

\* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

expenses, including inflation\*
#### **Mortality rates – General State Employees**

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set back 1 year, 85% of rates; females set back 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females set back 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 25%

#### Mortality rates – SPORS Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future improvement in accordance with experience
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 85%

#### Mortality rates – VaLORS Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future improvement in accordance with experience
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 50% to 35%

#### Net VSDP OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net OPEB asset (NOA) for the Disability Insurance Program (VSDP) represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2017, NOA amounts for the Disability Insurance Program (VSDP) is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

Disability Insurance Program	
Total VSDP OPEB Liability	\$ 237,013
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employer's Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	<u>442,334</u> <u>\$ (205,321)</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total VSDP OPEB Liability	186.63%

The total VSDP OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net OPEB asset is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

#### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Target	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected	Weighted Ave rage Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	(Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Public Equity		40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income		15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies		15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets		15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity		15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total		100.00%	_	4.80%
		Inflation		2.50%
	* Expected arith	metic nominal return		7.30%

\* The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total VSDP OPEB liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and that they will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by participating employers to the VSDP OPEB Program will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2019 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the VSDP OPEB Program's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total VSDP OPEB liability.

#### <u>Sensitivity of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net VSDP OPEB Liability (Asset) to</u> <u>Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net VSDP OPEB liability (asset) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Board's proportionate share of the net VSDP OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Current Discount		
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
Board's proportionate share of the total VSDP Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	(\$36,000)	(\$38,000)	(\$41,000)

#### VSDP OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Disability Insurance Program (VSDP) Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2017 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>http://www.varetire.org</u> /<u>Pdf/Publications/2017-annual-report.pdf</u>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

#### 14. PRE-MEDICARE RETIREE HEALTHCARE (OPEB)

The Commonwealth provides a healthcare plan established by Title 2.2, Chapter 28 of the *Code of Virginia* for retirees who are not yet eligible to participate in Medicare. For a retiree to participate in the Plan, the participant must be eligible for a monthly annuity from the VRS or a periodic benefit from one of the qualified Optional Retirement Plan (ORP) vendors, and:

- be receiving (not deferring) the annuity or periodic benefit immediately upon retirement;
- have his or her last employer before retirement be the state;
- be eligible for coverage as an active employee in the State Health Benefits Program until his or her retirement date (not including Extended Coverage); and,
- have submitted within 31 days of his or her retirement date an Enrollment Form to his or her Benefits Administrator to enroll.

The employer does not pay a portion of the retirees' healthcare premium; however, since both active employees and retirees are included in the same pool for purposes of determining health

insurance rates, this generally results in a higher rate for active employees. Therefore, the employer effectively subsidizes the costs of the participating retirees' healthcare through payment of the employer's portion of the premiums for active employees.

This fund is reported as part of the Commonwealth's Healthcare Internal Service Fund. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Pre-Medicare Retiree Healthcare is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that is treated like a cost-sharing plan for financial reporting purposes, and is administered by the Department of Human Resource Management. There were approximately 5,600 retirees and 91,000 active employees in the program in fiscal year 2017. There are no inactive employees entitled to future benefits who are not currently receiving benefits. There are no assets accumulated in a trust to pay benefits.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions and Methods**

The total Pre-Medicare Retiree Healthcare OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation with a valuation date of June 30, 2017. The Department of Human Resource Management selected the economic, demographic and healthcare claim cost assumptions. The actuary provided guidance with respect to these assumptions. Initial healthcare costs trend rates used were 8.62 percent for medical and pharmacy and 4.0 percent for dental. The ultimate trend rates used were 5.0 percent for medical and pharmacy and 4.0 percent for dental.

Valuation Date	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.
Measurement Date	June 30, 2017 (one year prior to the end of the fiscal year)
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level dollar, Closed
Effective Amortization Period	6.43 years
Discount Rate	3.58%
Projected Salary Increases	4.0%
Medical Trend Under 65	

Medical & Rx: 8.62% to 5.00% Dental: 4.00% Before reflecting Excise tax

Year of Ultimate Trend	2025
Mortality	Mortality rates vary by participant status
Pre-Retirement:	RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males setback 1 year, 85% of rates; females setback 1 year
Post-Retirement	RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females setback 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85
Post-Disablement:	RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyers GO 20 Municipal Bond Index as of the measurement date which is June 30, 2017.

#### **Changes of Assumptions:**

The following assumptions were updated since the July 1, 2016 valuation based on the results of a Virginia Retirement System actuarial experience study performed for the period of July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Mortality rates -updated to a more current mortality table RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Retirement rates lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Withdrawal rates adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service

The discount rate was increased from 2.85% to 3.58% based on the Bond Buyers GO 20 Municipal Bond Index. Spousal coverage was reduced from 70% to 50% based on a blend of recent spousal

coverage election rates and the prior year assumption. Based on the 2017 census, new retirees since 1/1/2015 have chosen to cover their spouses approximately 20% of the time. However, active employees cover their spouses at a rate close to 53%.

#### <u>Pre-Medicare Retiree Healthcare OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflow of</u> <u>Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

At June 30, 2018, the Board reported a liability of \$175,370 for its proportionate share of the collective total Pre-Medicare Retiree Healthcare OPEB liability of \$1.3 billion. The Pre-Medicare Retiree Healthcare OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The covered employer's proportion of the Pre-Medicare Retiree Healthcare OPEB liability was based on each employer's healthcare premium contributions as a percentage of the total employer's healthcare premium contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the participating employer's proportion was 0.01350% as compared to 0.01072% at June 30, 2016. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the participating employer recognized Pre-Medicare Retiree Healthcare OPEB expense of \$20,760.

At June 30, 2018, the employer reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to Pre-Medicare Retiree Healthcare from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	
Difference between actual and expected experience	\$ -	\$	7,054
Changes in assumptions	-		37,179
Changes in proportion	36,753		-
Subtotal	36,753		44,233
Amounts associated with transactions subsequent to the measurement date	4,651		-
Total	\$ 41,404	\$	44,233

\$ 4,651 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Pre-Medicare Retiree Healthcare OPEB resulting from amounts associated with transactions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pre- Medicare Retiree Healthcare OPEB will be recognized in the Pre-Medicare Retiree Healthcare OPEB expense as follows:

(1,378)
(1,378)
(1,378)
(1,378)
(1,378)
(590)

# <u>Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the Pre-Medicare Retiree Healthcare OPEB liability using the discount rate of 3.58%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the Pre-Medicare Retiree Healthcare OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.58%) or one percentage point higher (4.58%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (2.58%)	Current Rate (3.58%)	1% Increase (4.58%)
OPEB Liability	\$187,861	\$175,370	\$163,402

# <u>Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u>

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the Pre-Medicare Retiree Healthcare OPEB liability using healthcare cost trend rate of 8.62% decreasing to 5%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the Pre-Medicare Retiree Healthcare OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower (7.62% decreasing to 4.0%) or one percentage point higher (9.62% decreasing to 6.0%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
	(7.62%	(8.62%)	(9.62%)
	decreasing to	decreasing to	decreasing to
	4.00%)	5.00%)	6.00%)
OPEB Liability	\$156,035	\$175,370	\$198,037

#### 15. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; non-performance of duty; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board participates in insurance plans maintained by the Commonwealth. The state employee health care and worker's compensation plans are administered by the Department of Human Resource Management and the risk management insurance plans are administered by the Department of Treasury, Division of Risk Management. Risk management insurance includes property, general liability, faithful performance of duty bond, and automobile plans. The Board pays premiums to each of these Departments for its insurance coverage. Information relating to the Commonwealth's insurance plans is available at the statewide level in the Commonwealth's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

# Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS State Employee Retirement Plan

Year Ended June 30,*	2018	2017	2016	2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	0.01833%	0.01759%	0.01669%	0.01498%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$1,068,000	\$1,159,000	\$1,022,000	\$839,000
Employer's covered payroll	\$739,906	\$695,362	\$644,621	\$578,909
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	144.34%	166.68%	158.54%	144.93%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.33%	71.29%	72.81%	74.28%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 is the fourth year for this presentation, only three additional years of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

\*The amounts presented have a measurement date as of the previous fiscal year end.

# Schedule of Employer Contributions VRS State Employee Retirement Plan

Year Ended June 30,	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 104,090 \$	99,965	\$ 97,505	\$ 79,482
required contribution	 104,090	99,965	97,505	79,461
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ - \$		\$ -	\$ 21
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 778,755 \$	739,906	\$ 695,362	\$ 644,621
Contributions as a percentage covered payroll	13.37%	13.51%	14.02%	12.33%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 is the fourth year for this presentation, only three additional years of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

## <u>VRS State Employee Retirement Plan</u> <u>Notes to Required Supplementary Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2018</u>

**Changes of benefit terms -** There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. The 2014 valuation includes Hybrid Retirement Plan members for the first time. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. Because this is still a fairly new benefit and the number of participants was relatively small, the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017 are not material.

**Changes of assumptions -** The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made for the VRS - State Employee Retirement Plan effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increase rate from 14% to 25%

# Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability Health Insurance Credit Program (HIC)

Year Ended June 30, 2018*	2018
Employer's proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.01139%
Employer's proportionate share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$104,000
Employer's covered payroll	\$739,907
Employer's proportionate share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	14.06%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB Liability	8.03%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 is the first year for this presentation, only one year of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

\*The amounts presented have a measurement date as of the previous fiscal year end.

## Schedule of Employer Contributions Health Insurance Credit Program (HIC)

Year Ended June 30, 2018	2018
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to contractually	\$ 9,103
required contribution	9,103
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 778,755
Contributions as a percentage covered payroll	1.17%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 is the fist year for this presentation, only one year of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

#### <u>Health Insurance Credit Program (HIC)</u> <u>Notes to Required Supplementary Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2018</u>

**Changes of benefit terms** – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

**Changes of assumptions** – The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

### **General State Employees:**

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 25%

### **SPORS Employees:**

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future improvement in accordance with experience
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older
	ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 85%

# VaLORS Employees:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future improvement in accordance with experience
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 50% to 35%

# JRS Employees:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Decreased rates at first retirement eligibility
Withdrawal Rates	No change
Disability Rates	Removed disability rates
Salary Scale	No change

# Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance Program (GLI)

Year Ended June 30, 2018*	2018
Employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.00399%
Employer's proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$60,000
Employer's covered payroll	\$739,907
Employer's proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	8.11%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total GLI OPEB Liability	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 is the fist year for this presentation, only one year of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

\*The amounts presented have a measurement date as of the previous fiscal year end.

## Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance Program (GLI)

Year Ended June 30, 2018	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 4,043
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	4,043
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 778,755
Contributions as a percentage covered payroll	0.52%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 is the first year for this presentation, only one year of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

## <u>Group Life Insurance Program (GLI)</u> <u>Notes to Required Supplementary Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2018</u>

**Changes of benefit terms** – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

**Changes of assumptions** – The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

### General State Employees:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 25%

#### **Teachers:**

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

## **SPORS Employees:**

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future improvement in accordance with experience
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 85%
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# VaLORS Employees:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future improvement in accordance with experience
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older
	ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year
	age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 50% to 35%
JRS Employees:	

## **JRS Employees:**

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Decreased rates at first retirement eligibility
Withdrawal Rates	No change
Disability Rates	Removed disability rates
Salary Scale	No change

## Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

# Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-		
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020		
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75.		

Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience
	at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14 to 15%

# Largest Ten Locality Employers – Hazardous Duty Employees:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Increased disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

# Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers – Hazardous Duty Employees:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older
	ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

# Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability Disability Insurance Program (VSDP)

Year Ended June 30, 2018*	2018
Employer's proportion of the Net VSDP OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.01829%
Employer's proportionate share of the Net VSDP OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$38,000
Employer's covered payroll	\$689,058
Employer's proportionate share of the Net VSDP OPEB Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	5.51%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total GLI OPEB Liability	186.63%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 is the fist year for this presentation, only one year of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

\*The amounts presented have a measurement date as of the previous fiscal year end.

# Schedule of Employer Contributions Disability Insurance Program (VSDP)

Year Ended June 30, 2018			2018
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to contractually		\$	4,672
required contribution	-		4,672
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	\$	-
Employer's covered payroll		\$7	715,906
Contributions as a percentage covered payroll			0.65%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 is the first year for this presentation, only one year of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

### <u>Disability Insurance Program (VSDP)</u> Notes to Required Supplementary Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2018

**Changes of benefit terms** – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

**Changes of assumptions** – The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

#### **General State Employees:**

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 25%

#### **SPORS Employees:**

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future improvement in accordance with experience
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older
	ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 85%

# VaLORS Employees:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future improvement in accordance with experience
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 50% to 35%

# Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability Pre-Medicare Retiree Healthcare Program

Year Ended June 30, 2018*	2018
Employer's proportion of the Net VSDP OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.01350%
Employer's proportionate share of the Net VSDP OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$175,370
Employer's covered payroll	\$745,758
Employer's proportionate share of the Net VSDP OPEB Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	23.52%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 is the first year for this presentation, only one year of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

\*The amounts presented have a measurement date as of the previous fiscal year end.

### <u>Disability Insurance Program (VSDP)</u> Notes to Required Supplementary Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2018

There are no assets accumulated in a trust to pay related benefits.

**Changes of benefit terms** – There have been no changes to the benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

**Changes of assumptions** – The following assumptions were updated since the July 1, 2016 valuation based on the results of a Virginia Retirement System actuarial experience study performed for the period of July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Mortality rates updated to a more current mortality table RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Retirement rates lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Withdrawal rates adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service

The discount rate was increased from 2.85% to 3.58% based on the Bond Buyers GO 20 Municipal Bond Index and spousal coverage was reduced from 70% to 50% based on a blend of recent spousal coverage election rates and the prior year assumption. Based on the 2017 census, new retirees since 1/1/2015 have chosen to cover their spouses approximately 20% of the time. However, active employees cover their spouses at a rate close to 53%.

## VIRGINIA BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY

#### BOARD MEMBERSHIP As of June 30, 2018

The Board is comprised of five Certified Public Accountants who hold Virginia licenses, one educator in the field of accountancy who holds a Virginia license, and one public member. The Governor appoints each member to a term of four years and no member may serve more than two consecutive terms.

Matthew P. Bosher, Esq. Chair

Susan Quaintance Ferguson, CPA Vice Chair

D. Brian Carson, CPA, CGFM Laurie A. Warwick, CPA Andrea M. Kilmer, CPA, CFF, CGMA Stephanie S. Saunders, CPA William R. Brown, CPA



# Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) between The Virginia Board of Accountancy and FirstName MidName LastName

This AGREEMENT by and between FirstName MidName LastName (hereinafter "LastName") and the Virginia Board of Accountancy (hereinafter "VBOA") is for assistance rendered as an Informal Fact Finding ("IFF") Conference Presiding Officer and to serve on the Enforcement Committee of the Board.

LastName agrees to provide assistance to the VBOA in the following areas:

- 1. <u>Presiding Officer</u> LastName shall provide the VBOA assistance as a Presiding Officer designated by the Board Chair to preside over selected enforcement-related administrative proceedings.
- 2. <u>Enforcement Committee</u> LastName shall provide the VBOA assistance as a member of the Enforcement Committee to review enforcement cases and to make determinations regarding cases.
- 3. <u>IFF Conferences</u> The Board Chair, in consultation with the Executive Director, will assign the Presiding Officer to appropriately administer IFF Conferences and to serve on the Enforcement Committee of the Board. The full Board will provide guidance on the types of cases to be heard.
- 4. <u>Administration</u> Responsibilities of the Presiding Officer and/or Enforcement Committee as they relate to the enforcement-related administrative proceedings shall be communicated to LastName by the Board Chair, in consultation with the Executive Director and/or Enforcement Director, with authorization provided by the Code of Virginia, federal and state regulations, and policies/procedures established by the VBOA.
- 5. <u>Performance</u> Performance as a Presiding Officer and member of the Enforcement Committee requires agreement to maintain confidentiality with respect to all reports, documentation, informational materials, general information, names of any and all individuals/firms and statements that receive consideration during the course of providing assistance to the VBOA. All documentation furnished for consideration to LastName during his performance of this agreement shall be returned to the VBOA within a reasonable time after the administrative proceeding.
- 6. <u>Disqualification</u> A Presiding Officer is subject to disqualification for any factor that would cause a reasonable person to question the impartiality of the Presiding Officer. If



a Respondent were to object to the presence of a Presiding Officer in an IFF conference, that Presiding Officer would recuse him/herself, if it is reasonable to do so to avoid any semblance of partiality or bias.

7. <u>Travel Expense Reimbursement</u> - LastName shall be reimbursed for pre-approved travel expenses in accordance with state travel regulations.

### **Period of Agreement and Amendments**

This Agreement shall cover the period between Start Date and End Date. This Agreement shall continue in force until terminated be either of the parties in writing. Amendments to this Agreement shall become effective upon written approval by both parties.

EXECUTED AND AGREED ON THE DATES SET FORTH BELOW.

FirstName MidName LastName Street Address City, ST ##### Tel: (###) ###-#### Mary T. Charity, Acting Executive Director Virginia Board of Accountancy 9960 Mayland Drive, Suite 402 Henrico, VA 23233 Tel: (804) 367-8540 Fax: (804) 527-4409

FirstName MidNameLastName

Mary T. Charity

Date:		

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# Q1 Please provide your name.

Answered: 7 Skipped: 0

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Brian Carson	1/30/2019 10:10 AM
2	Susan	1/30/2019 4:12 AM
3	Matthew Bosher	1/29/2019 6:05 PM
4	Barclay Bradshaw	1/24/2019 11:18 AM
5	Laurie Warwick	1/24/2019 7:40 AM
6	William R Brown	1/23/2019 7:44 PM
7	Stephanie Saunders	1/23/2019 4:51 PM

Q2 What span of time should the VBOA's CPE reporting period cover? For each answer, please select a corresponding number with 5 being your most favorable choice and 1 being your least favorable choice.



		1	2	3	4	5	TOTAL	WEIGHTED AVERAGE
Annual repor	rting period	50.00%	0.00%	0.00%	33.33%	16.67%		
		3	0	0	2	1	6	2.67
Two year rep	porting period	28.57%	28.57%	0.00%	14.29%	28.57%		
		2	2	0	1	2	7	2.86
Three year re	eporting period: static	33.33%	16.67%	16.67%	33.33%	0.00%		
		2	1	1	2	0	6	2.50
Three year re	eporting period: rolling (how it currently	0.00%	16.67%	0.00%	33.33%	50.00%		
stands)		0	1	0	2	3	6	4.17
# PLEASE INDICATE ANY OTHER SUGGESTIONS YOU MAY HAVE FOR A REPORTING PERIOD.							DATE	
·			YOU MAY	HAVE FOR	A REPOR			

1 This is not a topic that I have a strong feeling for and I could get behind most of the reporting options - I would not be in favor of something that would be more burdensome on the staff. However, I am assuming that all options would be viable solutions with new system, not adding to burden of staff. 1/24/2019 7:50 AM

Q3 What do you prefer as the CPE reporting period and minimum number of CPE hours each year? For each answer, please select a corresponding number with 5 being your most favorable choice and 1 being your least favorable choice.



	1	2	3	4	5	TOTAL	WEIGHTED AVERAGE
Annual - 40 CPE hours per year	50.00%	16.67%	0.00%	16.67%	16.67%		
	3	1	0	1	1	6	2.33
Biennial - 80 CPE hours over the reporting period. A	42.86%	14.29%	0.00%	28.57%	14.29%		
minimum of 10 hours each year.	3	1	0	2	1	7	2.57
Biennial - 80 CPE hours over the reporting period. A	33.33%	16.67%	16.67%	16.67%	16.67%		
minimum of 20 hours each year.	2	1	1	1	1	6	2.67
Triennial static - 120 CPE hours over a set three-year	33.33%	0.00%	16.67%	50.00%	0.00%		
period. A minimum of 20 hours each year.	2	0	1	3	0	6	2.83
(Current requirement) Triennial rolling - 120 CPE hours	33.33%	0.00%	16.67%	16.67%	33.33%		
over a rolling three-year period. A minimum of 20 hours each year.	2	0	1	1	2	6	3.17

Q4 Other than the annual reporting period, should VBOA's CPE reporting period require a minimum number of hours per calendar year? For each answer, please select a corresponding number with 5 being your most favorable choice and 1 being your least favorable choice.



	1	2	3	4	5	TOTAL	WEIGHTED AVERAGE
No minimum hours per year	83.33% 5	0.00% 0	16.67% 1	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	6	1.33
Yes, 20 hours minimum per year	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	16.67% 1	83.33% 5	6	4.83
Yes, 10 hours minimum per year	28.57% 2	14.29% 1	28.57% 2	14.29% 1	14.29% 1	7	2.71
## Q5 Should the VBOA prohibit or limit CPE credit hours for specific subject areas (example: spirituality, sports and recreation)?



ANSWER C	HOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes, prohibit	red	14.29%	1
Yes, restricte	ed	57.14%	4
No prohibitic	n or restriction if the course meets the other CPE requirements.	28.57%	2
TOTAL			7
#	IF YES, WHAT SUBJECTS WOULD YOU SUGGEST BE PROHIBITED OR RESTRICTED?	DATE	
1	I think rather than limit, I would rather require a certain amount from a list of areas.	1/30/2019 4:17 AM	
2	Subjects that would not have a benefit to enhancing the services/skills the CPA provides to the public.	1/24/2019 7:50 AM	

3 Sports, recreation, hobby related Not sure about spirituality as it may be may help with behavior, 1/23/2019 4:55 PM anger, dealing with clients and coworkers



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes	14.29%	1
Yes, but it should be conditioned based on work performed by the CPA.	85.71%	6
No, it should be optional	0.00%	0
TOTAL		7



### Q7 Should tax/taxation CPE be required?

ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes	0.00%	0
Yes, but it should be conditioned based on work performed by the CPA.	71.43%	5
No, it should be optional	28.57%	2
TOTAL		7



## Q8 Should the VBOA have home state exemption?

ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes, and it should be a wholesale swap of the VBOA's CPE requirements for that of other jurisdictions.	42.86%	3
Yes, but it should be a partial swap. Only the VBOA's ethics requirement for that of other jurisdictions.	42.86%	3
No. Any Virginia licensed CPA should meet VBOA's requirements.	14.29%	1
TOTAL		7

# Q9 What do you prefer as the start and end date of the year for CPE reporting? Please rate your first choice.



	1	2	TOTAL	SCORE
January 1 - December 31 (calendar year and it currently stands)	80.00% 4	20.00% 1	5	1.80
July 1 - June 30 (fiscal year)	100.00% 3	0.00% 0	3	2.00

Q10 Should the VBOA continue to require an ethics course? For each answer, please select a corresponding number with 5 being your most favorable choice and 1 being your least favorable choice.



	1	2	3	4	5	TOTAL	WEIGHTED AVERAGE
Yes, and it should be an annual requirement	16.67% 1	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	33.33% 2	50.00% 3	6	4.00
Yes, and it should be an overall reporting period requirement	28.57% 2	14.29% 1	14.29% 1	14.29% 1	28.57% 2	7	3.00
Yes, and it should only be required for new or reinstated licensees	40.00% 2	40.00% 2	0.00% 0	20.00% 1	0.00% 0	5	2.00
No	83.33% 5	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	16.67% 1	6	1.67

### Q11 Should the VBOA place restrictions on the ethics course?



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes	57.14%	4
No	42.86%	3
TOTAL		7

### Q12 If we maintain the Virginia-Specific Ethics Course requirement, please select any possible modifications to the requirement with 5 being your most favorable choice and 1 being your least favorable choice.



	1	2	3	4	5	TOTAL	WEIGHTED AVERAGE
Virginia-Specific Ethics Course every year (how it currently stands)	20.00% 1	20.00% 1	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	60.00% 3	5	3.60
Virginia-Specific Ethics Course one year after initial license or reinstatement	0.00% 0	33.33% 1	0.00% 0	33.33% 1	33.33% 1	3	3.67
Virginia-Specific Ethics Course first three years after initial license or reinstatement	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	100.00% 3	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	3	3.00
Virginia-Specific Ethics Course first three years after initial license or one year after reinstatement	0.00% 0	33.33% 1	0.00% 0	66.67% 2	0.00% 0	3	3.33
Not in favor of the Virginia-Specific Ethics Course	71.43% 5	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	28.57% 2	7	2.14

#	OTHER, PLEASE EXPLAIN ANY OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS.	DATE
1	Require ethics, but course to be selected by licensee based on her practice (with some restrictions) Separately, require a very short (15 minute) Virginia-specific regulatory course	1/29/2019 6:12 PM
2	For this question, I am not in favor of the current Virginia- Specific Ethics Course. I had a hard time fitting my choice in the above options. I would like to see CPAs have the choice to take some type of ethics course of their choosing (which is next question). But, as far as the regulation updates, I would like to see that built into the renewal process. So, in year 1, you would have to take the course. But in future years, you would acknowledge summary, updates, key changes, etc. in the renewal process.	1/24/2019 7:56 AM

Q13 If a general ethics course is required but it is not the current Virginia-Specific Ethics Course, what would you recommend? For each choice, please select a corresponding number with 5 being your most favorable choice and 1 being your least favorable choice.



	1	2	3	4	5	TOTAL	WEIGHTED AVERAGE
Any ethics course should be acceptable	60.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	40.00%		
	3	0	0	0	2	5	2.60
A portion of the material should be Virginia-specific but the	0.00%	66.67%	0.00%	33.33%	0.00%		
sponsor/provider is not pre-approved	0	2	0	1	0	3	2.67
A portion of the material should be Virginia-specific but the	0.00%	0.00%	66.67%	33.33%	0.00%		
sponsor/provider must be pre-approved	0	0	2	1	0	3	3.33
All the material should be Virginia-specific but the	25.00%	25.00%	25.00%	25.00%	0.00%		
sponsor/provider is not pre-approved	1	1	1	1	0	4	2.50
All the material should be Virginia-specific but the	25.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	75.00%		
sponsor/provider must be pre-approved (how it currently stands)	1	0	0	0	3	4	4.00

## Q14 Should the VBOA have limits on the amount of CPE that can be earned for each presentation?



	1	2	3	4	5	TOTAL	WEIGHTED AVERAGE
Yes, credit for a single presentation should not exceed a specified number of CPE hours	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	16.67% 1	16.67% 1	66.67% 4	6	4.50
Yes, credit for a single presentation should be limited by a specific formula. Two times the length of the presentation.	16.67% 1	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	33.33% 2	50.00% 3	6	4.00
Yes, credit for a single presentation should be limited by a specific formula. Three times the length of the presentation.	25.00% 1	0.00% 0	50.00% 2	25.00% 1	0.00% 0	4	2.75
No, it should be on a self-declared basis	80.00% 4	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	20.00% 1	0.00% 0	5	1.60

#	OTHER, PLEASE EXPLAIN ANY OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS.	DATE
1	I think the "formula" is up for discussion.	1/30/2019 4:27 AM

## Q15 Should the VBOA have limits on the amount of CPE earned for each publication?



	1	2	3	4	5	TOTAL	WEIGHTED AVERAGE
Yes, credit for a single publication should not exceed a specific number of CPE hours	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	16.67% 1	16.67% 1	66.67% 4	6	4.50
Yes, credit for a single publication should be limited by a specific formula	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	25.00% 1	25.00% 1	50.00% 2	4	4.25
No, it should be on a self-declared basis	80.00% 4	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	20.00% 1	5	1.80

#	OTHER, PLEASE EXPLAIN ANY OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS.	DATE
1	I would like to know how other states handle this issue.	1/30/2019 4:27 AM

Q16 Publications are currently defined by the VBOA as: "Producing written materials. The topic must be relevant to providing services to the public or to or on behalf of an employer. The material is formally reviewed by an independent party and must be published in a book, magazine or similar publication." Should this definition be expanded to include developing training webinars or other online training classes? This training would require a learning focus on a specific topic led by or with access to an instructor when presented to participants. To be eligible for CPE credit hours the author of this training would also have to author an instructor guide or manual and and have it reviewed by an independent/expert third party.



	1	2	3	4	5	TOTAL	WEIGHTED AVERAGE
Yes, developing virtual training should be eligible for CPE credit hours using the same formula as publications. The author cannot claim publication and presentation hours for the same materials.	16.67% 1	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	83.33% 5	6	4.33
Yes, developing virtual training should be eligible for CPE credit hours using the same formula as publications. The author cannot claim publication and presentation hours for the same materials. Only the original materials are eligible for CPE hours. Revisions to materials are not eligible.	25.00% 1	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	50.00% 2	25.00% 1	4	3.50
Yes, developing virtual training should be eligible for CPE credit hours but should be limited to a specific number of hours. The author cannot claim publication and presentation hours for the same materials.	50.00% 2	0.00% 0	25.00% 1	0.00% 0	25.00% 1	4	2.50

### Board Members: CPE discussions

credit hour hours. The presentation	loping virtual training should be eligible for CPE rs but should be limited to a specific number of a author cannot claim publication and on hours for the same materials. Only the original are eligible for CPE hours. Revisions to materials gible.	40.00% 2	20.00% 1	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	40.00% 2		2.80
hours if the	oping virtual training is only eligible for CPE credit e author also presents the training. This follows uidelines for presentations	75.00% 3	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	25.00% 1	4	2.00
#	PLEASE EXPLAIN ANY OTHER RECOMME	NDATIONS	5.				DATE	
1	The problem with the review is defining "indep the academic world, but in the professional wo in favor of that approach. Publication, but defi house manual is not a publication.	orld it mean	s anyone ot	her than the	e author. I a	am not	1/30/2019 4:27	Ϋ́ΑΜ

	State	BAR	Title	Notes
1	California	Yes	Retired immediately after	Not actively engaged in the practice of public accountancy or any activity which requires them to be licensed by the board
2	2 Colorado	Yes	Retired CPA	Shall not perform those acts set forth in section 12-2-120 (6) (a) & (6) (b) opinion on accounting or financial statement
3	3 <mark>Idaho</mark>	Yes	Retired adjacent to CPA	After a person reaches the age of 55 or in the event of disability. Will not qualify if perform attest or compilation
Z	l <mark>Kentucky – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –</mark>	Yes	Public Accountant Emeritus	Shall not engage in regulated activities; exempt from licensing fees
5	5 <mark>Mississippi</mark>	Yes	CPA retired	May not perform or offer to perform one or more kinds of services - use of accounting or auditing skills
e	5 <mark>Nevada</mark>	Yes	CPA retired	Retired - Voluntary termination all activities; at least 60 /permanent disability
7	<sup>7</sup> New Jersey	Yes	CPA inactive	May not engage in the practice of accountancy - Inactive
8	8 New Mexico	Yes	inactive or retired adjacent	Do not provide services to the public
ç	North Carolina	Yes	No use of title	no fee, no CPE, no return of CPA certificate
10	) Ohio	Yes	CPA retired	Voluntarily retire - give up right to practice public accounting
11	l <mark>Oklahoma 🛛 👘 🛛 🖉</mark>	Yes	CPA retired	Age 65 or disabled (6 mo.); may perform volunteer activities without use of title
12	2 Oregon	Yes	CPA retired	May not perform attest or sign tax returns, may perform volunteer services uncompensated; Age 65 or 20 years license
13	South Carolina	Yes	Emeritus adjacent	May not perform or offer to perform one or more kinds of services - use of accounting or auditing skills; no fee, annual, CPA exam retake
14	l <mark>Texas and an </mark>	Yes	No use of title	No association with accounting work
15	5 Utah	Yes	CPA Emeritus	May not engage in the practice of public accountancy; Age 60, disabled, 2yr renewal cycle
16	Washington	Yes	CPA retired	Age 60 or 20 yrs. license
17	V West VA	Yes		Has completely discontinued performance of professional services, no active management or supervisory responsibilities, age 62
18	3 Wyoming			Age 55 Assumption or use of retired designation is not incident to the practice of public accounting; may provide uncompensated

#### Statutory Use of the term "Retired" or "Emeritus" For Purposes of CPE Exemptions

State	BAR	Title	Notes
1 Alabama		Retired adjacent	Individuals >55. retires from practice of public accountancy, notify board, no fee; may provide volunteer services
2 Alaska			"Reasonable cause or excusable neglect" includes chronic illness, retirement, military service and hardships as determined by Board
3 Arizona		Retired or RET	Retired, age 55 must have been CPA for 20 years, does not perform accounting services, exempt CPE register every 2 yrs.
4 Arkansas	Yes		Age 55 - no association with accounting work for compensation, may perform volunteer not signed as a CPA
5 <mark>California</mark>			
6 <mark>Colorado</mark>			
7 Delaware	Yes		Board may make an exception to CPE who has been granted inactive status, does not perform services
8 DC	Yes		Board may exempt a licensee from CPE for reasonable causes - health, military, foreign, retirement - does not hold out as CPA; Inactive
9 <mark>Idaho </mark>			
10 Iowa		CPA, retired or LPA, retired	Inactive license who does not reasonably expect to the workforce, may use in context of non-income producing personal activities
11 <mark>Kentucky</mark>			
12 Minnesota	Yes		Board may make an exception to CPE who has retired or does not perform services
13 <mark>Mississippi</mark>			
14 Missouri		Inactive, Retired, RET	Licensee after 8/28/2001, not practicing public accounting in any setting
15 Montana	Yes	CPA, retired or LPA, retired	Age 60 or 20 yrs. license, fully retired in practice of public accounting; volunteer uncompensated certain services allowed
16 Nebraska	Yes	Inactive or Inactive-Retired	Age 60 can not hold myself to Nebraska public as a CPA, annual renewal
17 <mark>Nevada</mark>			
18 <mark>New Jersey</mark>			
19 <mark>New Mexico</mark>			
20 <mark>North Carolina</mark>			
21 North Dakota	Yes	May use title	Retired available for retired/disabled, age 60 not providing services including bookkeeping
22 <mark>Oklahoma</mark>			
23 <mark>Oregon</mark>			
24 Rhode Island			Board may exempt a licensee from CPE for reasonable causes - health, military, foreign, retirement - does not hold out as CPA; Inactive
25 South Dakota	Yes	CPA Retired	Age 55, no longer participating in practice of any accounting discipline, \$10 annual fee
26 <mark>Texas</mark>			
27 <mark>Utah</mark>			
28 Washington			
29 Wyoming			

#### States Using the Term "Retired" or "Emeritus "in Their Rules for Purposes of CPE Exemptions

#### States Using the Term "Inactive" in Public Accountancy Statutes

-	State	BAR	, Title	Notes
1	Alabama	Yes	Inactive adjacent	Not engaged in the practice of public accounting, annual registration fee
2	Alaska	Yes		Not engaged in the practice, annual registration fee
3	Arizona	Yes	No use of title	Not actively engaged in the practice of accounting, biennial registration fee
4	Arkansas	Yes	Inactive adjacent	Does not perform or offer to perform services for the public
5	California	Yes	Inactive adjacent	Not actively engaged in the practice of public accountancy or any activity which requires them to be licensed by the board
6	Colorado	Yes	Inactive CPA	Shall not perform those acts set forth in section 12-2-120 (6) (a)
7	Florida	Yes		Inactive status, fee
8	Guam	Yes	Inactive adjacent	Not actively engaged in the practice of accounting
9	Idaho	Yes	Inactive adjacent	Does not perform or offer to perform services for the public one or more kinds of attest or compilation services, annual renewal fee
10	Illinois	Yes	No use of title	Shall not practice public accounting in Illinois, no fee
11	Indiana	Yes		Discontinue practice of accounting
12	lowa	Yes	Inactive adjacent	Does not perform or offer to perform services for the public
13	Kentucky	Yes	CPA Inactive	registers with board, some grandfathering
14	Louisiana	Yes	Inactive adjacent	Does not perform or offer to perform services for the public
15	Maine	Yes		renewal fee, inactive status licensure must describe obligations of inactive status
16	Maryland	Yes		May not practice certified public accountancy in the State, issue inactive status certificate, fee
17	Minnesota	Yes	Inactive adjacent	Does not perform or offer to perform services for the public
18	Missouri	Yes	Inactive adjacent	Does not perform or offer to perform services for the public
19	Nebraska	Yes		Not actively engaged in the practice of public accountancy, fee
20	Nevada	Yes	No use of title	Voluntary termination, does not perform services
21	New Hampshire	Yes	Inactive adjacent	Does not perform or offer to perform services for the public
22	New Jersey	Yes	CPA inactive	May not engage in the practice of accountancy - Inactive
23	New Mexico	Yes	CPA inactive	Does not perform services to the public
24	New York	Yes		Does not perform services to the public
25	North Carolina	Yes	No use of title	no fee, no CPE, no return of CPA certificate
26	Ohio	_		Board may exempt a licensee from CPE for reasonable causes - health, military, foreign, retirement or just cause
27	Oklahoma	Yes	Inactive adjacent	Board may exempt a licensee from CPE for reasonable causes - military, retirement, not providing services or just cause
28	Oregon	Yes		Board may exempt a licensee from CPE for reasonable causes - disability, military, absence from the state, retirement or just cause, fee
29	Pennsylvania	Yes		Not engaged in the practice of public accounting may request to be put on inactive roll
30	South Carolina			May establish criteria for issuing inactive licenses
31	South Dakota	Yes	Inactive adjacent	Does not perform or offer to perform services for the public
32	Tennessee	Yes	Inactive adjacent	Does not perform or offer to perform services for the public, fee (except .70 yrs. old, disabled, active military)
33	Washington	Yes	CPA Inactive	Prohibited from practicing accounting (some transition rules 6/30/01;7/1/01)
34	West VA	Yes	Inactive adjacent	Has completely discontinued performance of professional services, no active management or supervisory responsibilities
35	Wyoming	Yes	Inactive adjacent	Does not practice public accounting in Wyoming, fee

	State	BAR	Title	Notes
1	Alabama			
2	Alaska			
3	Arizona			
	Arkansas			
	California			
	DC	Yes	No use of title	Board may exempt a licensee from CPE for reasonable causes - health, military, foreign, retirement - does not issue audit/certify reports
	Florida			
	Hawaii			Licensing authorities that allow for a license to be placed on inactive status, fee schedule Inactive fee \$10
	Idaho			
	Indiana			
	Louisiana			
	Maryland			
	Minnesota			
	Missouri Masakasa			the second s
	Montana Nebraska	Yes		Licensee may place license on inactive status, may not practice accounting in the state of Montana
	Nevada			
	New Hampshire			
	New Jersey			
	New Mexico			
	New York			
	North Carolina			
	North Dakota	Yes	Inactive adjacent	
	Oklahoma		,	
	Oregon			
	Pennsylvania			
	Rhode Island	•		Reinstatement after an inactive period - fee \$500 if more than 5 years, addl rules
28	South Carolina			
29	South Dakota			
30	Tennessee			
31	Washington			
32	West VA			
33	Wyoming			

#### States' Use of the Term "Inactive" in Rules Providing for CPE Exemptions

#### North Carolina State Board of Certified Public Accountant Examiners

1101 Oberlin Road Suite 104 • PO Box 12827 • Raleigh NC 27605 Phone 919-733-1422 • Fax 919-733-4209 • Web www.nccpaboard.gov

#### **REQUEST FOR INACTIVE STATUS**

(No annual renewal fee, CPE, or return of CPA certificate required)

Full Name (First/Middle/Last/Suffix)

NC CPA Certificate Number

Mailing Address (Street or PO Box and City, State, Zip Code)						
Is this a change of address?	Yes	No				
Daytime Telephone Number:						
Email Address:						

I desire to be classified as inactive. I have read the rules of the Board found in 21 NCAC 08A .0301(b)(20), 08A .0308, 08J .0105, and 08J .0106 and understand that under North Carolina Accountancy Statutes and Rules, I cannot use the title Certified Public Accountant (CPA) or allow anyone to refer to me as a Certified Public Accountant (CPA) in North Carolina or as an inactive CPA. I will not assume or use, in writing or orally, directly or indirectly or through third parties, "any words, letters, abbreviations, symbols or other means of identification" to identify myself as being licensed as a CPA or as an inactive CPA. Such representation includes, but is not limited to, "...the use of titles or legends on letterheads, reports, business cards, brochures, resumes, office signs, telephone directories or any other advertisements, news articles, publications, listings, tax return signatures, signatures on experience or character affidavits for exam or certificate applicants, displayed membership in CPA associations, displayed CPA licenses from this or any other state, and displayed certificates or licenses from other organizations which have the designation 'CPA' or 'Certified Public Accountant' by the [my] name."

An individual who is licensed as a CPA in another jurisdiction and who does not reside in North Carolina and does not have an office in North Carolina may request inactive status of his or her North Carolina CPA certificate and exercise his or her practice privilege in North Carolina pursuant to NCGS 93-10.

I affirm that I will not identify myself as a CPA, nor will I allow anyone else to identify me as a CPA, to any person in any manner as specified in 21 NCAC 08A .0308(a) and (b) as long as I am on inactive status. I affirm that the information shown above is true and accurate.

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Da

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

#### **NOTE:** Inactive status is effective immediately upon submission of this form.

For your convenience, you may email this completed form to Alice Grigsby (aliceg@nccpaboard.gov.)

1 For renewal of a certificate under this Section each licensee shall participate in a (d) 2 program of learning designed to maintain professional competency. Such program of 3 learning must comply with rules adopted by the Board. The Board may by rule create 4 an exception to this requirement for certificate holders who do not perform or offer 5 to perform for the public one or more kinds of services involving the use of accounting 6 or auditing skills, including issuance of reports on financial statements or of one or 7 more kinds of management advisory, financial advisory or consulting services, or the 8 preparation of tax returns or the furnishing of advice on tax matters. Licensees 9 granted such an exception by the Board must place the word "inactive" adjacent to their CPA title or PA title on any business card, letterhead or any other document or 10 device, with the exception of their CPA certificate or PA registration, on which their 11 12 CPA or PA title appears. In addition, inactive CPAs, at least 55 years of age, may, in 13 lieu of "inactive", place the word "retired" adjacent to their CPA title or PA title on 14 any business card, letterhead or any other document or device, with the exception of their CPA certificate or PA registration, on which their CPA or PA title appears. 15 16 Nothing in this section shall preclude an inactive CPA, at least 55 years of age, from 17 providing the following volunteer, uncompensated services: tax preparation services, participating in a government sponsored business mentoring program, serving on the 18 19 board of directors for a nonprofit or governmental organization, or serving on a 20 government-appointed advisory body. Licensees may only convert to inactive status 21 if they hold a license in good standing.

22

23 COMMENT: A licensee is deemed competent to serve the public when he or she initially meets the requirements for licensure. However, a dynamic professional environment requires a licensee 24 25 to continuously maintain and enhance his or her knowledge, skills and abilities. The board of 26 accountancy may specify any reasonable approach to meeting this requirement using as a guideline the Statement on Standards for Continuing Professional Education (CPE) Programs 27 28 jointly approved by the National Association of State Boards of Accountancy (NASBA) and the 29 American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). Furthermore, this section 30 acknowledges that CPAs may, for a number of different reasons, place their license in inactive 31 status and not continue with CPE requirements. In order to protect the public, these CPAs should 32 not use their "inactive CPA" status to continue to perform or offer to perform professional services. However, for CPAs who go inactive because they are at the end of their careers, this 33 provision offers an exception to ensure that they can continue to offer a limited number of 34 35 volunteer, uncompensated services to the public (such as participation in the Internal Revenue Service's Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA) program and the Small Business 36 37 Administration's SCORE program). These services are narrow in scope, may be offered by non-38 CPAs, and the provision acknowledges that these CPAs still have much to contribute to their 39 communities during retirement. In order to protect the public the Board of Accountancy may consider requiring these CPAs to affirm their understanding of the limited types of activities in 40 which they may engage while in inactive CPA status and their understanding that they have a 41 42 professional duty to ensure that they hold the professional competencies necessary to offer these 43 limited services. 44

45 (e) The Board shall charge a fee for each application for initial issuance or renewal of a certificate under this Section in an amount prescribed by the Board by rule.